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Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter Contents Acknowledgments Introduction. Making Waste 1. The Invention of the Wasteland: Civic Narrative and Dryden's Annus Mirabilis 2. Wastelands, Paradise Lost, and Popular Polemic at the Restoration 3. Milton's Chaos in Pope's London:
	Material Philosophy and the Book Trade 4. The Man on the Dump: Swift, Ireland, and the Problem of Waste 5. Holding On to the Corpse: Fleshly Remains in A Journal of the Plague Year Afterword: Mr. Spectator's Tears and Sophia Western's Muff Notes Bibliography Index

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excrements in "The Lady's Dressing Room" and the corpses of A Journal of the Plaque Year? In Making Waste, the first book about refuse and its place in Enlightenment literature and culture, Sophie Gee examines the meaning of waste at the moment when the early modern world was turning modern. Gee explains how English writers used contemporary theological and philosophical texts about unwanted and leftover matter to explore secular, literary relationships between waste and value. She finds that, in the eighteenth century, waste was as culturally valuable as it was practically worthless--and that waste paradoxically revealed the things that the culture cherished most. The surprising central insight of Making Waste is that the creation of value always generates waste. Waste is therefore a sign--though a perverse one--that value and meaning have been made. Even when it appears to symbolize civic, economic, and political failure, waste is in fact restorative, a sign of cultural invigoration and imaginative abundance. Challenging the conventional association of Enlightenment culture with political and social improvement, and scientific and commercial progress, Making Waste has important insights for cultural and intellectual history as well as literary studies.