Record Nr. UNINA9910456892503321 Endocrine therapies in breast cancer [[electronic resource] /] / edited by **Titolo** Aman U. Buzdar Pubbl/distr/stampa Oxford;; New York,: Oxford University Press, 2007 **ISBN** 0-19-173987-1 0-19-960699-4 1-283-58075-6 9786613893208 0-19-157517-8 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (129 p.) Collana Oxford oncology library Altri autori (Persone) BuzdarAman U Disciplina 616.99/449071 Breast - Cancer - Hormone therapy Soggetti Breast - Cancer - Endocrine aspects Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Contents; Contributors; 1 Selection of patients for endocrine therapies; 2 Ovarian ablation; 3 Antioestrogens; 4 Aromatase inhibitors in early and advanced disease; 5 Fulvestrant in metastatic disease; 6 Progestins and androgens; 7 Combined endocrine and chemotherapy in breast cancer; 8 Hormone replacement therapy in patients with a prior history of breast cancer; 9 Chemoprevention; Index; A; B; C; D; E; F; G; H; I; L; M; N; O; P; R; S; T; V; W; Z Sommario/riassunto Breast cancer is one of the leading causes of cancer mortality in women worldwide, and the risk of disease recurrence continues despite improvements in screening and treatment. For patients with hormone receptor-positive breast cancer, some form of endocrine therapy is central to the management of their disease. Tamoxifen has long been the mainstay of endocrine therapy in this group of patients. However, there is mounting evidence showing that the aromatase inhibitors are able toreduce overall oestrogen levels and appear to be better tolerated over a long term than tamoxifen. New and emerging