Record Nr. UNINA9910456383803321 Autore Sharqawi Muhammad <1971-> Titolo The ecology of Arabic [[electronic resource]]: a study of arabicization / / by Muhammad al-Sharkawi Leiden;; Boston,: Brill, 2010 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-283-16079-X 9786613160799 90-04-19174-7 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (276 p.) Collana Studies in Semitic languages and linguistics;; v. 60 Disciplina 492,709 492.90902 Soggetti Arabic language - Dialects - History Arabic language - History Second language acquisition - History Sociolinguistics - Arab countries Electronic books. Inglese Lingua di pubblicazione **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Preliminary Material / M. Al-Sharkawi -- Introduction / M. Al-Sharkawi Nota di contenuto -- Chapter One. The Ecology Of Language Development / M. Al-Sharkawi -- Chapter Two. The Development Of Arabic In Pre-Islamic Times / M. Al-Sharkawi -- Chapter Three. Arabic After The Conquests / M. Al-Sharkawi -- Chapter Four. Socio-Demographic Parameters Of Arabicization / M. Al-Sharkawi -- Chapter Five. Informal Second Language Acquisition And Foreigner Talk / M. Al-Sharkawi -- Chapter Six. Foreigner Talk In Arabic / M. Al-Sharkawi -- Conclusion / M. Al-Sharkawi -- Bibliography / M. Al-Sharkawi -- Index / M. Al-Sharkawi. Sommario/riassunto This book offers a comprehensive account of Arabicization in the Middle East and Egypt in the early period of the Arab conquests. Drawing on material from ancient Arabic grammarians as well as modern studies in second language acquisition, it analyzes the linguistic and non-linguistic ecological factors that contributed to the development of Arabic during the early period after the Arab

conquests. It describes the pre-Islamic linguistic and sociolinguistic

situation and traces the development in this period. The sociological, cultural, and sociolinguistic context is sketched to determine the nature and quality of the process of learning Arabic in the early period. The work further discusses the process of learning Arabic as a second language and the input provided by the native speakers, which both affected the structure of the emerging dialects.