. Record Nr.	UNINA9910456332103321
Autore	Kallendorf Hilaire <1974->
Titolo	Exorcism and its texts : subjectivity in early modern literature of England and Spain / / Hilaire Kallendorf
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Toronto, [Ontario] ; ; Buffalo, [New York] ; ; London [England] : , : University of Toronto Press, , 2003 ©2003
ISBN	1-281-99471-5 9786611994716 1-4426-7472-5
Edizione	[2nd ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource : illustrations
Collana	University of Toronto Romance Series
Disciplina	820.937
Soggetti	English literature - Early modern, 1500-1700 - History and criticism Exorcism in literature Spanish literature - Classical period, 1500-1700 - History and criticism Comparative literature - English and Spanish Comparative literature - Spanish and English Christianity and literature - England Christianity and literature - Spain Demoniac possession in literature Subjectivity in literature Human body in literature Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter Contents Acknowledgments Prologue - A Force Within: The Importance of Demonic Possession for Early Modern Studies A Paradigm of Theologemes for Literary Exorcism Introduction: The Morphology of Exorcism, or a Grammar of Possession in Spanish and English Literature, 1550-1700 1. Demoniacs in the Drama: Theatricalities of Comic Possession and the Exorcism of the Body Politic 2. Possessed Pícaros and Satanic Satire 3. Romance, the Interlude, and Hagiographical Drama: The Humanization of Possession and

1.

	Exorcism 4. Tragedy As the Absence or Failure of Exorcism 5. Self-Exorcism and the Rise of the Novel Conclusion: Liturgy in Literature, or Early Modern Literary Theory and the Christian Legitimate Marvellous Epilogue: Problematizing the Category of 'Demonic Possession Notes Bibliography Index
Sommario/riassunto	Exorcism and demonic possession appear as recurrent motifs in early modern Spanish and English literatures. In Exorcism and Its Texts, Hilaire Kallendorf demonstrates how this 'infection' was represented in some thirty works of literature by fifteen different authors, ranging from canonical classics like Shakespeare, Cervantes, Ben Jonson, and Lope de Vega, to obscure works by anonymous writers. From comic and tragic drama to picaresque narrative and eight other genres, possession worked as a paradigm through which authors could convey extraordinary experience, including not only demonic possession but also madness or even murder. The devil was thought to be able to enter the bodily organs and infect memory, imagination, and reason. Some came to believe that possession was tied to enthusiasm, poetic frenzy, prophecy, and genius. Authors often drew upon sensational details of actual exorcisms. In some cases, such as in Shakespeare, curing the body (and the body politic) meant affirming cultural authority; in others, as with Zamora, it clearly meant subverting it. Drawing on the disciplines of literary theory and history, Exorcism and its Texts is the first comprehensive study of this compelling topic.