1. Record Nr. UNINA9910456235603321 Autore Heller Henry Titolo Anti-Italianism in sixteenth-century France / / Henry Heller Pubbl/distr/stampa Toronto, [Canada];; Buffalo, [New York];; London, [England]:,: University of Toronto Press, , 2003 ©2003 **ISBN** 1-4426-7089-4 1-282-02300-4 9786612023002 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (320 p.) Disciplina 305.85/1044/09031 Soggetti Italians - France - History - 16th century Xenophobia - France - History - 16th century Nationalism - France - History - 16th century Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- Preface -- Abbreviations -- Introduction --Chapter 1. Nationalism and Xenophobia in Early Modern Context --Chapter 2. Italians and the French Reformation: Lyons, 1562 -- Chapter 3. The Italians at Lyons: Usury and Heresy -- Chapter 4. The Italians and the Saint Bartholomew's Day Massacre -- Chapter 5. Background to a Massacre: The Italian Courtiers and Bankers -- Chapter 6. Anti-Italian Discourses -- Chapter 7. The Estates of Blois -- Chapter 8. The Court Italians and the Gathering Storm -- Chapter 9. The Flight of the Italians -- Chapter 10. The Last of the Italians -- Conclusion -- Notes --Bibliography -- Index Sommario/riassunto Sixteenth century Europe, like the late twentieth century, did not escape the ravages of ethnic discord. In an examination of the Italian presence in France under the Valois and Bourbon monarchs, Henry Heller explores how the economic power of Italian merchants, bankers,

and ecclesiastics provoked a hostile reaction from French humanists, lawyers, and nobles that eventually spread to the Huguenots and the urban Catholic population. He also discusses the important role of

anti-Italian xenophobia in the events surrounding the Saint Bartholomew's Day Massacre, the Estates-General of Blois in 1576-77, the Catholic League revolt, and the triumph of Henri IV.Heller links the cultural, moral, and political aspects of anti-Italianism with the rise of economic nationalism among the emergent French middle class. He also sheds light on the origins of the social construction of European anti-Semitism by showing how the language and rhetoric employed by the French against the Italians was similar to that used against Jews elsewhere in Europe. As one of the few studies of ethnic conflict within Renaissance Europe, this ground-breaking work will be indispensable to all scholars of European politics, ethnicity, economics, and history, as well as all those interested in the roots of today's ethnic tensions.