1. Record Nr. UNINA9910456094103321 Autore Wegren Stephen K. <1956-> **Titolo** Land reform in Russia [[electronic resource]]: institutional design and behavioral responses / / Stephen K. Wegren New Haven, : Yale University Press, c2009 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-35303-9 9786612353031 0-300-15640-5 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (1 online resource (xix, 340 p.).) Collana Yale agrarian studies series Disciplina 333.3/147 Land reform - Russia (Federation) Soggetti Right of property - Russia (Federation) Rural development - Russia (Federation) Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Front matter -- Contents -- Preface -- Acknowledgments -- Note on Transliteration and Sources -- Glossary -- 1. Russia's Contemporary Land Reform: An Overview -- 2. Politics and Property Rights in the Soviet Period -- 3. Politics and Property Rights in the Yeltsin Period. 1992-99 -- 4. Politics and Property Rights in the Putin Period and Beyond -- 5. Rural Households' Land Holdings, Enlargement, and Rental -- 6. The Effects of Land Reform: Stratification and Class Development -- 7. The Effects of Rural Demographics and Labor on Households' Land -- 8. The Regional Impact on Households' Land -- 9. Russia's Contemporary Land Reform: An Assessment -- Appendix A: Selected Governmental Acts Concerning Land Reform in the USSR and the RSFSR, 1990-91 -- Appendix B: Selected Governmental Acts Concerning Land Reform in the Russian Federation, 1992-2006 --Appendix C: The Post-Soviet Land Code -- Appendix D: Survey Methodology and Description of Villages, 1995-2006 -- Notes --Index Sommario/riassunto This ambitious work is the definitive account of Russia's land reform initiatives from the late 1980's to today. In Russia, a country controlling

more land than any other nation, land ownership is central to structures of power, class division, and agricultural production. The aim of Russian land reform for the past thirty years-to undo the collectivization of the Soviet era and encourage public ownership-has been largely unsuccessful. To understand this failure, Stephen Wegren examines contemporary land reform policies in terms of legislation, institutional structure, and human behavior. Using extensive survey data, he analyzes household behaviors in regard to land ownership and usage based on socioeconomic status, family size, demographic distribution, and regional differences. Wegren's study is important and timely, as Russian land reform will have a profound effect on Russia's ability to compete in an era of globalization.