Record Nr. UNINA9910455818203321 Autore Cruz Anne J. Titolo Discourses of poverty: social reform and the picaresque novel in early modern Spain / / Anne J. Cruz Toronto, [Ontario];; Buffalo, [New York];; London, [England]:,: Pubbl/distr/stampa University of Toronto Press, , 1999 ©1999 **ISBN** 1-282-03706-4 9786612037061 1-4426-7395-8 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (316 p.) Collana University of Toronto Romance Series 860.9/355 Disciplina Soggetti Picaresque literature, Spanish - History and criticism Spanish fiction - Classical period, 1500-1700 - History and criticism Poverty in literature Poor in literature Social problems in literature Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction -- 1. Charity, Poverty, and Liminality in the Lazarillo -- 2. The Poor in Spain: Confinement and Control -- 3. The Picaresque as Pharmakos -- 4. Textualizing the Other's Body -- 5. From Picaro to Soldier -- Notes --Works Cited -- Index Sommario/riassunto In this ground-breaking study, Anne Cruz examines the treatment of poverty, prostitution, war, and other social concerns in the cultural and literary discourses of early modern Spain. This book investigates the polemics on poor relief through religious charity and secularized reform articulated not only in the Spanish picaresque canon - Lazarillo de Tormes, Guzm<sup>-</sup>n de Alfarache, El busc3/4n - but also in female picaresque narratives and soldiers' tales. Emphasizing Bakhtin's notion that discursive practices must be assessed as they intersect and

become textualized in history, the book also looks at this literature in

relation to normative writings such as royal decrees, regulations, economic proposals, synods, and sermons. Through these discourses, authors and authorities alike debated their theories of poor assistance for both men and women, from the critique of unregulated prostitution in works such as La lozana andaluza to the control of impoverished youths through military conscription as in Alonso de Contreras and Estebanillo Gonz lez. The rupture of the feudal system and the economic devastation of the country precipitated a dramatic rise in the number of poor, who were increasingly perceived as delinquents by an anxious populace. The book employs Foucault's paradigms of confinement and control to study the various suggestions for the social containment of Spain's marginalized elements. Positing that the literary plcaros and plcaras assume the role of scapegoats for this disenfranchised social Other, Cruz further argues that the picaresque novels respond dialectically to the growing demonization of the poor in early modern Spanish culture.