

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910455743603321
Autore	Whitley Richard
Titolo	Divergent capitalisms [[electronic resource]] : the social structuring and change of business systems / / Richard Whitley
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Oxford ; ; New York, : Oxford University Press, 1999
ISBN	1-280-81480-2 0-19-156722-1 0-585-36698-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (312 p.)
Disciplina	330.12/2
Soggetti	Capitalism Business enterprises Economic history - 20th century Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [275]-294) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; List of Figures; List of Tables; Abbreviations; PART ONE. INTRODUCTION; 1. Varieties of Capitalism; PART TWO. THE COMPARATIVE-BUSINESS-SYSTEMS FRAMEWORK; 2. The Nature of Business Systems and their Institutional Structuring; 3. The Social Structuring of Firms' Governance Systems and Organizational Capabilities; 4. The Social Structuring of Work Systems; 5. Globalization and Business Systems; PART THREE. THE DEVELOPMENT AND CHANGE OF BUSINESS SYSTEMS IN EAST ASIA AND EASTERN EUROPE; 6. Divergent Capitalisms in East Asia: The Post-War Business Systems of South Korea and Taiwan 7. Continuity and Change in East Asian Capitalisms8. Path Dependence and Emergent Capitalisms in Eastern Europe: Hungary and Slovenia Compared; 9. Enterprise Change and Continuity in a Transforming Society: The Case of Hungary; References; Index; A; B; C; D; E; F; G; H; I; J; K; L; M; N; O; P; Q; R; S; T; U; V; W; Y; Z
Sommario/riassunto	Many different varieties of capitalism have developed in the twentieth century. Despite the rhetoric of globalization, they are continuing to diverge because of significant differences in dominant institutions.

Divergent Capitalisms highlights the major differences between business systems in Europe and Asia and explains why they developed and continue. An invaluable insight for all those interested in international business and organization studies. - ;The late twentieth century has witnessed the establishment of new forms of capitalism in East Asia as well as new market economies in Eastern

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910453009703321
Autore	Norheim-Martinsen Per M.
Titolo	The European Union and military force : governance and strategy / / Per M. Norheim-Martinsen [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge : , : Cambridge University Press, , 2013
ISBN	1-107-23716-5 1-139-85428-3 1-139-84520-9 1-139-84284-6 1-139-23707-1 1-139-84606-X 1-139-84046-0 1-283-83632-7 1-139-84165-3
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xiii, 230 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Disciplina	355/.03354
Soggetti	Strategic culture - European Union countries Civil-military relations - European Union countries European Union countries Military policy Decision making European Union countries Strategic aspects European Union countries Defenses
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Machine generated contents note: 1. Introduction: CSDP, strategic actorness and security governance; 2. European strategic culture and

the comprehensive approach; 3. In pursuit of the EU interest: state, individual and institutional agency in CSDP; 4. The institutional link: creating a civil-military organisation fit for purpose; 5. Building European capabilities: beyond the transatlantic gap; 6. CSDP operations: learning through failure or failing to learn; 7. Conclusion: a comprehensive strategic actor for the future?

Sommario/riassunto

The Common Security and Defence Policy maps out how the EU - established primarily to be an economic organisation - can purposefully prepare for and apply the use of military force. In this insightful work, Per M. Norheim-Martinsen argues that, since the EU is not a state but nevertheless does embody some non-intergovernmental characteristics, neither EU studies nor strategic studies is sufficient for fully understanding the Policy itself. Combining the two fields, the author utilises the instrumentality and clarity of the strategic approach, while retaining an understanding of the unique character of the EU as a strategic actor. In so doing, he provides a fruitful conceptual framework for analysing the development of the CSDP, how it functions in practice and how it will continue to evolve in the face of the challenges which lie ahead. This book will appeal to scholars and advanced students of European studies, international relations and strategic studies.
