

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910455648603321
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Titolo	Seeing double [[electronic resource]] : intercultural poetics in Ptolemaic Alexandria // Susan A. Stephens
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berkeley, : University of California Press, c2003
ISBN	9786612356674 0-520-92738-9 1-282-35667-4 1-59734-889-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (317 p.)
Collana	Hellenistic culture and society ; ; 37 The Joan Palevsky imprint in classical literature
Disciplina	881/.09932
Soggetti	Greek poetry, Hellenistic - Egypt - Alexandria - History and criticism Egyptian poetry - Egypt - Alexandria - History and criticism Comparative literature - Greek and Egyptian Comparative literature - Egyptian and Greek Language and culture - Egypt - Alexandria Poetics - History - To 500 Electronic books. Alexandria (Egypt) Intellectual life
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 259-267) and indexes.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Illustrations -- Preface -- Abbreviations -- Introduction -- 1. Conceptualizing Egypt -- 2. Callimachean Theogonies -- 3. Theocritean Regencies -- 4. Apollonian Cosmologies -- 5. The Two Lands -- Select Bibliography -- Index of Passages Cited -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	When, in the third century B.C.E., the Ptolemies became rulers in Egypt, they found themselves not only kings of a Greek population but also pharaohs for the Egyptian people. Offering a new and expanded understanding of Alexandrian poetry, Susan Stephens argues that poets such as Callimachus, Theocritus, and Apollonius proved instrumental in bridging the distance between the two distinct and at times

diametrically opposed cultures under Ptolemaic rule. Her work successfully positions Alexandrian poetry as part of the dynamic in which Greek and Egyptian worlds were bound to interact socially, politically, and imaginatively. The Alexandrian poets were image-makers for the Ptolemaic court, *Seeing Double* suggests; their poems were political in the broadest sense, serving neither to support nor to subvert the status quo, but to open up a space in which social and political values could be imaginatively re-created, examined, and critiqued. *Seeing Double* depicts Alexandrian poetry in its proper context-within the writing of foundation stories and within the imaginative redefinition of Egypt as "Two Lands"-no longer the lands of Upper and Lower Egypt, but of a shared Greek and Egyptian culture.
