1. Record Nr. UNINA9910455465303321 Autore Ward Norman <1918-1990, > Titolo Jimmy Gardiner: relentless liberal // Norman Ward and David Smith Pubbl/distr/stampa Toronto, [Ontario];; Buffalo, [New York];; London, [England]:,: University of Toronto Press., 1990 ©1990 **ISBN** 1-282-01154-5 9786612011542 1-4426-7641-8 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (416 p.) Disciplina 971.24/02/092 Soggetti Cabinet officers - Canada Politicians - Canada Electronic books. Canada Politics and government 1914-Saskatchewan Politics and government Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Includes index. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [345]-379) and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- Preface -- 1. The Way In -- 2. Backbencher -- 3. The Ascent Continues -- 4. Reaching the First Summit --5. The Uses of Power -- 6. The Loss of Power -- 7. An Uneasy Succession -- 8. A First Taste of Opposition -- 9. A Government in Depression -- 10. Triumph -- 11. The Politics of Triumph -- 12. Arriving at an Unknown Destination -- 13. Settling In -- 14. A Politician at War -- 15. War and Agriculture -- 16. A Less than Perfect Organization -- 17. Region and Nation -- 18. Defeat and Retirement -- Epilogue -- Appendix -- Notes -- Index James G. Gardiner had an exceptionally long career in public life. In Sommario/riassunto fact, he had two careers of almost equal length, from 1914 to 1935 in provincial politics, and from 1935 to 1958 in federal. In Saskatchewan

he sat as a back-bencher, cabinet minister, premier, and leader of the opposition. In Ottawa he served as minister of Agriculture, minister of National War Service, and a leading member of the opposition. Drawing heavily on Gardiner's excellent papers, the authors of this volume have

charted his public life. As a key figure in the Liberal party at both levels of government, Gardiner's influence permeated the country's politics for nearly half a century. He was present at the founding of the province of Saskatchewan in 1905, and participated in the exuberant period of western settlement before the First World War. His public policies helped to ease the ravages of regional drought and depression some twenty year later. He held public office during two world wars, both of which witnessed strong campaigns for conscription which he passionately opposed. The nativist revolt in Saskatchewan in the twenties led by the Ku Klux Klan, which he likewise condemned, contributed to his only election defeat. Gardiner was a principled politician whose principles won him friends and enemies. First and foremost he was a party man, who believed that only through unremitting attention to the details of organization and administration could responsible government be assured.