1. Record Nr. UNINA9910455271903321 Autore Sparks Tabitha Titolo The doctor in the Victorian novel [[electronic resource]]: family practices / / Tabitha Sparks Farnham, Surrey, England;; Burlington, VT,: Ashgate Pub., 2009 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-317-03541-0 1-317-03540-2 1-282-29517-9 9786612295171 0-7546-9640-5 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (187 p.) Disciplina 823.8093543 823.8'093543-dc22 English fiction - 19th century - History and criticism Soggetti Physicians in literature Medicine in literature Marriage in literature Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Cover: Contents: Acknowledgements: Introduction: 1 Doctoring the Marriage Plot: Harriet Martineau's Deerbrook and George Eliot's Middlemarch; 2 Textual Healing: George MacDonald's Adela Cathcart; 3 Marital Malpractice at Mid-Century: Braddon's The Doctor's Wife and Gaskell's Wives and Daughters; 4 Myopic Medicine and Far-Sighted Femininity: Wilkie Collins's Armadale and Heart and Science; 5 New Women, Avenging Doctors: Gothic Medicine in Bram Stoker and Arthur Machen: 6 The "Fair Physician": Female Doctors and the Late-Century Marriage Plot Conclusion - "The Overstimulated Nerve Ceases to Respond": Arthur Conan Doyle's Medical ModernismBibliography; Index Sommario/riassunto Following the decline of the marriage plot in Victorian novels by a

range of novelists, including Harriet Martineau, George Eliot, Elizabeth

Gaskell, George MacDonald, and Bram Stoker, Tabitha Sparks argues that a narrative's stance towards scientific reason is revealed in the figure of the doctor. Novels with romantic doctors deny the authority of empiricism, while those with clinically minded doctors uphold the determining logic of science and threaten the novel's romantic plot.