1. Record Nr. UNINA9910455166503321 Autore Echevarria Ana Titolo The Moorish guard of the Kings of Castile (1410-1467) // by Ana Echevarria; translated by Martin Beagles Boston:,: Brill,, 2009 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-40020-7 9786612400209 90-474-2441-7 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (380 p.) Collana Brill eBook titles 2009 Altri autori (Persone) BeaglesMartin Disciplina 357/.10946309024 Soggetti Christianity and other religions - Islam Guards troops - Spain - History Muslims - Spain - History Electronic books. Castile (Spain) History Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [333]-345) and index. Nota di contenuto Preliminary Material / A. Echevarria -- Chapter One. Christians, Mudejars And Granadans: Three Sides Of One Political Reality / A. Echevarria -- Chapter Two. The Moorish Knights, From The Frontier To The Court / A. Echevarria -- Chapter Three. The King'S "Foreign" Guard / A. Echevarria -- Chapter Four. The Conversion Of The Moorish Knights / A. Echevarria -- Chapter Five. The Dissolution Of The Moorish Guard / A. Echevarria -- Conclusion / A. Echevarria --Documentary Appendix / A. Echevarria -- Bibliography / A. Echevarria -- Index / A. Echevarria. The kings of Castile maintained a personal cavalry guard through much Sommario/riassunto of the fifteenth century, consisting of practicing Muslims and converts to Christianity. This privileged Muslim elite provides an interesting case-study to propose new theories about voluntary conversion from Christianity to Islam in the Iberian Peninsula, as well as the ways of

assimilation of such a group into the local and courtly environments

transformation of royal armies from feudal companies to regimented,

where they lived thereafter. Other subjects involved are the

professional forces including a well-trained cavalry, which in Castile was formed partly by these knights. Their descendants had to endure the changing policies conveyed by Isabel and Fernando, which increased discriminatory habits towards converts in Castilian society.