1. Record Nr. UNINA9910455087103321 Autore Beller-Hann Ildiko Titolo Community matters in Xinjiang, 1880-1949 [[electronic resource]]: towards a historical anthropology of the Uyghur / / by Ildiko Beller-Leiden; ; Boston, : Brill, 2008 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-39851-2 9786612398513 90-474-4320-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (493 p.) China studies, , 1570-1344;; v. 17 Collana 951/.604 Disciplina Soggetti Uighur (Turkic people) - China - Xinjiang Uygur Zizhigu - Social life and customs Uighur (Turkic people) - China - Xinjiang Uygur Zizhigu - Religion Muslims - China - Xinjiang Uygur Zizhigu Electronic books. Xinjiang Uygur Zizhiqu (China) Social life and customs Xinjiang Uygur Zizhigu (China) Ethnic relations Xinjiang Uygur Zizhigu (China) History 19th century Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [449]-467) and index. Nota di contenuto Preliminary Materials / I. Bellér-Hann -- Chapter One. Introduction / I. Bellér-Hann -- Chapter Two. Place And People / I. Bellér-Hann --Chapter Three. Economic And Social Organization / I. Bellér-Hann --Chapter Four. Regulating Social Relations: The Force Of Custom / I. Bellér-Hann -- Chapter Five. The Life Cycle / I. Bellér-Hann -- Chapter Six. Religion, Islamic Institutions And Dealing With The Supernatural / I. Bellér-Hann -- Chapter Seven. Conclusion / I. Bellér-Hann --Illustrations / I. Bellér-Hann -- Bibliography / I. Bellér-Hann --Glossary Of Frequently Used Turki/Uvghur Terms / I. Bellér-Hann --Index / I. Bellér-Hann. Sommario/riassunto Based on a wide range of Western and local materials, this book offers an introduction to the historical anthropology of the Muslim Uyghur of

Xinjiang from the late 19th century to 1949. The author argues that

social relations in this era were shaped at all levels by the principles of reciprocity and community. Particular attention is paid to the domestic domain and to life-cycle and religious rituals. This is the first time that Xinjiang has been approached from the perspective of historical anthropology. Giving substance to the concept of tradition which modern Uyghurs invoke when constructing their collective identity, Bellér-Hann's study also has implications for contemporary analyses of inter-ethnic relations in this sensitive region.