Record Nr. UNINA9910454891003321 Globalization, wages, and the quality of jobs [[electronic resource]]: **Titolo** five country studies / / Raymond Robertson ... [et al.], editors Pubbl/distr/stampa Washington DC,: World Bank, c2009 **ISBN** 1-282-25970-9 9786612259708 0-8213-7955-0 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (304 p.) Altri autori (Persone) RobertsonRaymond <1969-> Disciplina 331.1209172/4 Labor market - Developing countries Soggetti Labor - Social aspects - Developing countries International trade - Social aspects Electronic books. **Developing countries Commerce** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Contents; Preface; Acknowledgments; Contributors; Abbreviations; 1. Overview: The Promises and Perils of Globalization; Figure 1.1 The Development Path (Time Series); Figure 1.2 The Development Path (Cross Section): Figure 1.3 National Income and Fatal Injuries: Box 1.1 Why Textiles and Apparel Matter: A Brief History of the MFA; 2. A Review of the Globalization Literature: Implications for Employment, Wages, and Labor Standards; 3. Globalization and Working Conditions: A Framework for Country Studies; Box 3.1 Quantities or Prices?; Box 3.2 **Export Studies Find Mixed Effects** Box 3.3 FDI Studies Generate Conflicting Results Box 3.4 An Example Comparing Trade, Migration, and FDI on Absolute Wages; Box 3.5 Wage Inequality; Box 3.6 Globalization and Nonwage Working Conditions; Box 3.7 Example: Short-Run, Industry-Specific Wages; Figure 3.1 Effects of FDI in Low-Income Countries; Figure 3.2 Effects of Rising Export Opportunities in Low-Income Countries: Box 3.8 Example: Medium-Run Effects, Wage Inequality; Figure 3.3 The Effects on

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Sommario/riassunto

Since the early 1990's, most developing economies have become more integrated with the world's economy. Trade and foreign investment barriers have been progressively lifted and international trade agreements signed. These reforms have led to important changes in the structures of these economies. The labor markets have adjusted to these major changes, and workers were required to adapt to them in one way or another. In 2006, the Social Protection Unit of the World Bank launched an important research program to understand the impact that these profound structural changes have had on workers in de