Record Nr. UNINA9910460725303321 Titolo Breakthroughs in decision science and risk analysis / / edited by Louis Anthony Cox, Jr.; contributors, Ali E. Abbas [and fourteen others] Pubbl/distr/stampa Hoboken, New Jersey:,: Wiley,, 2015 ©2015 **ISBN** 1-118-93890-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (287 pages): illustrations Collana Wiley Essentials in Operations Research and Management Science Disciplina 658.4/03 Soggetti **Decision making** Risk assessment Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Note generali Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and Nota di bibliografia index.

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910454838003321 Autore Aleinikoff T. Alexander (Thomas Alexander), <1952-> Titolo Semblances of sovereignty [[electronic resource]]: the Constitution, the state, and American citizenship // T. Alexander Aleinikoff Cambridge, MA,: Harvard University Press, 2002 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-674-02015-4 Descrizione fisica xi, 306 p Disciplina 342.73/02 Constitutional law - United States Soggetti Nation-state Sovereignty Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Note generali Includes bibliographical references (p. 199-301) and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Preface -- Contents -- SEMBLANCES OF SOVEREIGNTY -- 1 Introduction -- 2 The Sovereignty Cases and the Pursuit of an American Nation-State -- 3 The Citizen-State: From the Warren Court to the Rehnquist Court -- 4 Commonwealth and the Constitution: The Case of Puerto Rico -- 5 The Erosion of American Indian Sovereignty --6 Indian Tribal Sovereignty beyond Plenary Power -- 7 Plenary Power. Immigration Regulation, and Decentered Citizenship -- 8 Reconceptualizing Sovereignty: Toward a New American Narrative --Notes -- Index In a set of cases decided at the end of the nineteenth century, the Sommario/riassunto Supreme Court declared that Congress had "plenary power" to regulate immigration, Indian tribes, and newly acquired territories. Not coincidentally, the groups subject to Congress' plenary power were primarily nonwhite and generally perceived as "uncivilized." The Court left Congress free to craft policies of assimilation, exclusion, paternalism, and domination. Despite dramatic shifts in constitutional law in the twentieth century, the plenary power case decisions remain largely the controlling law. The Warren Court, widely recognized for its

dedication to individual rights, focused on ensuring "full and equal citizenship"--an agenda that utterly neglected immigrants, tribes, and

residents of the territories. The Rehnquist Court has appropriated the Warren Court's rhetoric of citizenship, but has used it to strike down policies that support diversity and the sovereignty of Indian tribes. Attuned to the demands of a new century, the author argues for abandonment of the plenary power cases, and for more flexible conceptions of sovereignty and citizenship. The federal government ought to negotiate compacts with Indian tribes and the territories that affirm more durable forms of self-government. Citizenship should be "decentered." understood as a commitment to an intergenerational national project, not a basis for denying rights to immigrants. Table of Contents: 1. Introduction 2. The Sovereignty Cases and the Pursuit of an American Nation-State 3. The Citizen-State: From the Warren Court to the Rehnanist Court 4. Commonwealth and the Constitution: The Case of Puerto Rico 5. The Erosion of American Indian Sovereignty 6. Indian Tribal Sovereignty beyond Plenary Power 7. Plenary Power. Immigration Regulation, and Decentered Citizenship 8. Reconceptualizing Sovereignty: Toward a New American Narrative Notes Index Reviews of this book: This book not only provides careful analysis of U.S. Supreme Court and congressional relationships but also could lead to novel studies of rights and obligations in American society. Highly recommended .-- Steven Puro, Library Journal Reviews of this book: Aleinikoff examines sovereignty, citizenship, and the broader concept of membership (aliens as well as citizens) in the American nation-state and suggests that American constitutional law needs "understandings of sovereignty and membership that are supple and flexible, open to new arrangements". Sure to generate heated debate over the extent to which the rules governing immigration, Indian tribes, and American territories should be altered, this book is required reading for constitutional scholars.--R. J. Steamer, ChoiceAmid the overflowing scholarship on American constitutional law, little has been written on this cluster of topics, which go to the core of what sovereignty under the Constitution means. Aleinikoff asks not only how we define "ourselves," but exactly who is authorized to place themselves in the category of insiders empowered to set limits excluding others. The book stands out as a novel, intriguing, and interesting analysis against the sea of sameness found in the constitutional literature.--Philip P. Frickey, Law School, University of California, BerkeleyWhat lends Aleinikoff's work originality and importance is its synthetic range and the new insights that flow from bringing immigration, Indian, and territorial issues together, and taking on such much criticized anomalies as the plenary power doctrine in their full ambit. In my view, he may well make good on his hope of helping to inspire a new field of sovereignty studies. Certainly, the idea of "problematizing" national citizenship and national sovereignty is afoot in the law schools and, far more so, in sociology, political science, and in various interdisciplinary fields like American Studies, regional studies, and global political economiy and cultural studies. To my knowledge, no one has written a synthetic treatment of these issues that compares with Aleinikoff's in its mastery of constitutional law, its working knowledge or adjacent normative, historical and policy studies, and its intellectual clarity, stylistic grace, and morally sensitive but pragmatic political judgments.--William Forbath, University of Texas at Austin Law School

Record Nr. UNINA9910724320003321 Autore Sapir Edward Titolo Anthropologie / / Edward Sapir Christian Baudelot and Pierre Clinquart (editors); translated by Pierre Clinquart Pubbl/distr/stampa Lyon:,: ENS Editions,, [2021] ©2021 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource Collana Bibliotheque ideale des sciences sociales Disciplina 301 Anthropology Soggetti Lingua di pubblicazione Francese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Monografia Livello bibliografico Nota di contenuto Remerciements Principes de l'edition Francis Zimmermann Preface. 2020 Pierre Clinquart Avertissement du traducteur, 2020 Epigraphe Christian Baudelot Avant-propos, 1967 Premiere section. Culture et langage L'influence des modeles inconscients sur le comportement social Le symbolisme La parole en tant qu'element de la personnalite Deuxieme section. Culture et personnalite La personnalite Emergence du concept de personnalite Sur les rapports entre l'anthropologie culturelle et la psychiatrie Ce que l'anthropologie culturelle attend du psychiatre Psychiatrie, culture et salaire minimum Sur la methode psychanalytique d'Oskar Pfister L'instinct et l'inconscient selon le Dr Rivers Les types psychologiques dans la theorie de Carl G. Jung Sur la mythologie universelle de H. B. Alexander Troisieme section. Anthropologie et sociologie Anthropologie et sociologie La mode La coutume Le groupe Qu'est-ce que la religion ? Quatrieme section: culture Ethnologie et histoire : question de methode L'organisation sociale des tribus de la cote ouest Cultures authentiques, cultures inauthentiques Glossaire et index Christian Baudelot Glossaire Eclaircissements sur quelques termes et references du texte de Sapir Index des tribus et des langues Edward Sapir ; biographie et bibliographies Biographie d'Edward Sapir Bibliographies.

Edward Sapir est incontestablement l'un des plus importants

l'anthropologie structurale, Sapir formule la philosophie du

anthropologues du debut du XXe siecle. Bien avant que ne se developpe

Sommario/riassunto

structuralisme et jette les bases d'une science generale de la conduite. Parce qu'individu et societe, culture et personnalite sont indissociables. Sapir fonde une methode a la croisee de l'ethnologie et de la linguistique qui, combinant les concepts et les methodes de l'ethnologie et de la psychanalyse, apparait aujourd'hui comme un programme prophetique des taches qui incombent a l'anthropologie. Ce specialiste des langues et cultures amerindiennes n'ecrivit de son vivant aucun ouvrage de synthese, a l'exception d'un volume sur le langage et d'un ensemble de monographies des langues et cultures indiennes d'Amerique du Nord. Son œuvre est eparpillee en de nombreux articles publies entre 1917 et 1938, dont une partie a ete compilee par David Mandelbaum en 1949 sous le titre Selected Writings of Edward Sapir in Language, Culture and Personality, et une selection traduite en français par Christian Baudelot et Pierre Clinquart, editee en deux volumes par les Editions de Minuit en 1967. Le volume que nous proposons aujourd'hui, exclusivement en version numerique, est la reedition de cette selection française presentee dans l'edition de Minuit par Christian Baudelot. Notre edition propose une traduction entierement relue, corrigee et annotee par Pierre Clinquart, augmentee d'une preface inedite par l'anthropologue Francis Zimmermann.