1. Record Nr. UNINA9910454246003321 Harrigan Michael Autore Titolo Veiled encounters [[electronic resource]]: representing the Orient in 17th-century French travel literature / / Michael Harrigan Amsterdam;; New York,: Rodopi, 2008 Pubbl/distr/stampa 94-012-0640-6 **ISBN** 1-4356-9528-3 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (300 p.) Collana Faux titre;; 321 Disciplina 840.9 French prose literature - 17th century - History and criticism Soggetti Travelers' writings, French - History and criticism Travel writing - France - History - 17th century Electronic books. Orient In literature Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references (p. [273])-294) and index. Nota di bibliografia Preliminary Material -- Acknowledgements -- Illustrations --Nota di contenuto Introduction -- Capturing Cultural Encounter -- The Literature of Encounter -- Threat and the Near East -- The East Indies: le Jardin de l' Orient -- Aventures in the Orient -- Conclusion -- Bibliography --Index. Sommario/riassunto Travel narratives were the principal source of knowledge about the lands of the Near East and the Indian Ocean Basin in 17th-century France. Claiming the authority of first-hand observation, they paradoxically rely for their legitimization on the tropes of an established literary tradition. The status of these texts remained ambiguous, not least because of their anecdotal depictions of great riches, brutality or sexual promise. Drawing on the insights of postcolonial scholarship, this study tackles a question given scant attention in previous work and suggests that beyond the hazy representation of the Orient, an opposition emerges between the threatening Near East and the indolent East Indies. Distinguishing recognizable

representations from those generated by new encounters, this book questions the feasibility of cultural representation through travel.

exploring a large corpus of original sources written by French ecclesiastics, gentlemen-travellers, ambassadors and adventurers. Linguistic, religious, cultural or geographical barriers meant most travellers remained distanced from the peoples about whom they would simultaneously become authoritative. The encounter was further transformed in narratives that were intended to entertain and to satisfy the criterion of curiosité. The 'Oriental' that emerges is a supremely variable entity, alternately naked or veiled, barbaric or civilized, menacing or attractive.