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Europe and Former Soviet Union [[electronic resource]]

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Soggetti Chronic diseases

Chronic diseases - Economic aspects - Europe, Eastern

Chronic diseases - Economic aspects - Former Soviet republics

Employment Persons

**Population Characteristics** 

Social Sciences
Disease Attributes

Sociology Health Care

Pathologic Processes

Geography

Pathological Conditions, Signs and Symptoms

Diseases

Socioeconomic Factors

Unemployment Economics

Disabled Persons Chronic Disease Public Health

Health & Biological Sciences
Public Health - General

Electronic books.

Statistics Europe

Geographic Locations

Europe, Eastern

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Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; Figures; Chapter 1; Tables; Chapter 4; Chapter 5; The Report Team and Acknowledgments; Key Findings and Future Research Directions; Part 1 A REGIONAL OVERVIEW; Chapter 1 Introduction; BOX 1.1 Defining Disability; PART II COUNTRY STUDIES; Chap.2 Measurement of Disability and Linkages with Welfare, Employment, and Schooling The Case of Uzbekistan; Chap.3 The Impact of Health Shocks on Employment, Earnings, and Household Consumption in Bosnia and Herzegovina; Chap.4 Health Disabilities and Labor Productivity in Russia in 2004 Health Consequences Beyond Premature Death Chap.5 The Implications of Poor Health Status on Employment in Romania
Sommario/riassunto	Disability is an important issue for the transition countries of Eastern Europe and the former Soviet Union. Not only is a significant portion of their population either in poor health or disabled - with implications for labor force participation and productivity - but their aging demographics project an increase in the share of disabled people, raising concerns about the sustainability of social protection programs. Thus, if these heavily resource-strapped countries fail to deal in an efficient manner with disability and health issues in their population, they could face serious challenges to