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	Titolo	Coercion, conversion and counterinsurgency in Louis XIV's France [[electronic resource]]
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden ; ; Boston, : Brill, 2007
	ISBN	1-281-92107-6
		9786611921071
		90-474-1954-5
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (276 p.)
	Collana	History of warfare, , 1385-7827 ; ; v. 42
	Disciplina	944/.033
	Soggetti	Political violence - France - History
		Persecution - France - History
		Electronic books.
		France History Louis XIV, 1643-1715
		France Politics and government 1643-1715
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [253]-261) and index.
	Nota di contenuto	Preliminary Material / R.L. Mccullough Introduction / R.L. Mccullough Chapter One. 'Huissier, Garnisaire Et Soldat': Coercion And Tax Collection Under Louis XIV / R.L. Mccullough Chapter Two. The Response To Popular Revolt, 1662–1670 / R.L. Mccullough Chapter Three. Regional Crisis And Royal Consolidation: The Revolts Of 1675 / R.L. Mccullough Chapter Four. 'Les Missions Bottés': Religious Coercion Under Louis XIV / R.L. Mccullough Chapter Five. The Revolt Of The Camisards, 1702–1704 / R.L. Mccullough Conclusion / R.L. Mccullough Bibliography / R.L. Mccullough Index / R.L. Mccullough.
	Sommario/riassunto	This is a study of the domestic application of armed coercion during the reign of Louis XIV. It examines the coercive aspects of tax collection, the royal response to tax revolts, and the use of force to convert the king's Protestant subjects and to wage a devastating counterinsurgency campaign against Protestant rebels in the mountains and plains of Languedoc. Relying heavily on archival sources, the study demonstrates that both the coercive inclination of Louis XIV and the

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coercive capabilities of the French army have been overstated. This
raises questions about some common assumptions regarding the role
of the army in the projection of state power and its contribution to the
 process of state formation in Early Modern France.