Record Nr. UNINA9910453224603321 Autore Branch Jordan <1976-> **Titolo** The cartographic state: maps, territory and the origins of sovereignty / / Jordan Branch [[electronic resource]] Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2014 Pubbl/distr/stampa 1-107-50272-1 **ISBN** 1-139-89476-5 1-107-49972-0 1-107-50656-5 1-107-49719-1 1-107-50384-1 1-107-51695-1 1-139-64437-8 1-107-51416-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xiv, 219 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Collana Cambridge studies in international relations;; 127 Disciplina 320.1/5 Soggetti Cartography - History Sovereignty International relations Territory, National **Boundaries** World politics Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Authority, sovereignty, and international change -- The cartographic revolution -- Mapping the territorial state -- New World mapping and colonial reflection -- Peace treaties and political transformation --Mapping the territorialization of France -- The cartographic state today. Sommario/riassunto Why is today's world map filled with uniform states separated by linear boundaries? The answer to this question is central to our understanding of international politics, but the question is at the same time much more complex - and more revealing - than we might first

think. This book examines the important but overlooked role played by cartography itself in the development of modern states. Drawing upon evidence from the history of cartography, peace treaties and political practices, the book reveals that early modern mapping dramatically altered key ideas and practices among both rulers and subjects, leading to the implementation of linear boundaries between states and centralized territorial rule within them. In his analysis of early modern innovations in the creation, distribution and use of maps, Branch explains how the relationship between mapping and the development of modern territories shapes our understanding of international politics today.