1. Record Nr. UNINA9910453172303321 Autore Wolff Anne Titolo How many miles to Babylon? [[electronic resource]]: travels and adventures to Egypt and beyond, 1300 to 1640 / / Anne Wolff Liverpool,: Liverpool University Press, 2003 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-78138-673-0 1-84631-329-5 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (328 p.) Collana **Liverpool Science Fiction Texts** Disciplina 916.204/24 Travelers - Egypt - History Soggetti Europeans - Egypt - History Electronic books. Egypt Description and travel Egypt History 1250-1517 Egypt History 1517-1882 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [287]-296) and index. Nota di contenuto Title Page; Contents; Preface; Permissions; List of Illustrations; List of Abbreviations: Glossary: Introduction: 1: The Mamluk Rulers of Egypt: 2: Egypt Imagined and the Realities of the Voyage; 3: The Maritime Port of Alexandria; 4: Sailing Upstream to Cairo; 5: Cairo: 'meeting place of comer and goer'; 6: Venetian Diplomacy and the Arrival of the Ottomans; 7: Exploring the Pyramids and Mummy Fields; 8: Pilgrims to the Monastery of St Catherine; 9: Adventures with the Mecca Caravan; 10: To the South; Appendix 1: Europeans in Egypt in the Reigns of the Mamluk Sultans up to 1517 Appendix 2: Europeans in Egypt in the Reigns of the Ottoman Sultans after 1517 Bibliography; Index How Many Miles to Babylon? uses the writing of European travelers to Sommario/riassunto Egypt between c. 1300 and c. 1600 to give a picture of the country in the late medieval and early Renaissance periods, drawing on sources that have hitherto been inaccessible to English-speaking audiences.

These accounts portray an Egypt ruled by the despotic Mamluk sultans

and the early Ottoman governors, a society at once cruel and

sophisticated, dangerous and alluring. The Europeans' wonderment at the exotic flora and fauna, the ancient ruins of temples and pyramids, and the astonishing summer rise of the Nile to irrigate