1. Record Nr. UNINA9910453047403321 Autore van der Veer Peter Titolo The Modern Spirit of Asia: The Spiritual and the Secular in China and India / / Peter van der Veer Pubbl/distr/stampa Princeton, NJ:,: Princeton University Press,, [2013] ©2014 **ISBN** 1-4008-4855-5 Edizione [Course Book] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (297 p.) Disciplina 306.6095 China -- Religious life and customs Soggetti India -- Religious life and customs Nationalism -- China -- Religious aspects Nationalism -- India -- Religious aspects Religion and sociology -- China Religion and sociology -- India Secularism -- China -- History Secularism -- India -- History Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- Preface -- Chapter 1. Introduction --Chapter 2. Spirituality in Modern Society -- Chapter 3. The Making of Oriental Religion -- Chapter 4. Conversion to Indian and Chinese Modernities -- Chapter 5. Secularism's Magic -- Chapter 6. "Smash Temples, Build Schools": Comparing Secularism in India and China --Chapter 7. The Spiritual Body -- Chapter 8. Muslims in India and China -- Chapter 9. Conclusion -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index Sommario/riassunto The Modern Spirit of Asia challenges the notion that modernity in China and India are derivative imitations of the West, arguing that these societies have transformed their ancient traditions in unique and distinctive ways. Peter van der Veer begins with nineteenth-century

imperial history, exploring how Western concepts of spirituality, secularity, religion, and magic were used to translate the traditions of

India and China. He traces how modern Western notions of religion and magic were incorporated into the respective nation-building projects of Chinese and Indian nationalist intellectuals, yet how modernity in China and India is by no means uniform. While religion is a centerpiece of Indian nationalism, it is viewed in China as an obstacle to progress that must be marginalized and controlled. The Modern Spirit of Asia moves deftly from Kandinsky's understanding of spirituality in art to Indian yoga and Chinese qi gong, from modern theories of secularism to histories of Christian conversion, from Orientalist constructions of religion to Chinese campaigns against magic and superstition, and from Muslim Kashmir to Muslim Xinjiang. Van der Veer, an outspoken proponent of the importance of comparative studies of religion and society, eloquently makes his case in this groundbreaking examination of the spiritual and the secular in China and India.