Record Nr. UNINA9910453034703321 Financial intermediation costs in low-income countries [[electronic **Titolo** resource]]: the role of regulatory, institutional, and macroeconomic factors / / prepared by Tigran Poghosyan [Washington, D.C.], : International Monetary Fund, 2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-4755-2280-0 1-4755-6413-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (36 p.) IMF working paper; ; WP/12/140 Collana Altri autori (Persone) PoghosyanTigran Intermediation (Finance) - Developing countries - Econometric models Soggetti Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia "Fiscal Affairs Department and Strategy, Policy, and Review Note generali Department." "May 2012." Includes bibliographical references. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Cover; Contents; I. Introduction; II. Interest Margin Decomposition; A. Conceptual Framework; B. Decomposition Results; III. Econometric Analysis of Bank- and Country-Specific Determinants of Interest Margins: A. Model Specification: B. Variables: C. Descriptive Statistics: D. Results; IV. Robustness Checks; V. Conclusions; References; Figures; 1. Comparison of Implicit Net Interest Margins in LICs and EMs; 2. Percentile Distribution of Net Interest Margin Determinants in LICs and EMs; 3. Median Interest Margins in LICs and EMs by Countries; Tables; 1. Variable Definition and Sources 2. Descriptive Statistics3. Correlations Matrix; 4. Estimation Results Controlling for Bank-Specific Determinants; 5. Estimation Results Controlling for Macroeconomic Variables; 6. Estimation Results Controlling for Institutional Variables; 7. Estimation Results Controlling for Regulatory Variables; 8. Robustness Check for LICs: Using Market Share Instead of Market Concentration; 9. Robustness Check for LICs: Using Loan Market Concentration; 10. Robustness Check for LICs: Using **Deposit Market Concentration** 11. Robustness Check for LICs: Using Interaction of Market

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Sommario/riassunto

We analyze factors driving persistently higher financial intermediation costs in low-income countries (LICs) relative to emerging market (EMs) country comparators. Using the net interest margin as a proxy for financial intermediation costs at the bank level, we find that within LICs a substantial part of the variation in interest margins can be explained by bank-specific factors: margins tend to increase with higher riskiness of credit portfolio, lower bank capitalization, and smaller bank size. Overall, we find that concentrated market structures and lack of competition in LICs banking system