

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910452959903321
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Titolo	The demon of the continent [[electronic resource]] : Indians and the shaping of American literature // Joshua David Bellin
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Philadelphia, : University of Pennsylvania Press, c2001
ISBN	1-283-89011-9 0-8122-0122-1
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (283 p.)
Classificazione	HR 1520
Disciplina	810.9/3520392
Soggetti	American literature - History and criticism Indians in literature Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [211]-258) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- Introduction -- Chapter One. Indian Conversions -- Chapter Two. The Charm of the Indian -- Chapter Three. Radical Faiths -- Interlude -- Introduction -- Chapter Four. Stories of the Land -- Chapter Five. Mind out of Time -- Chapter Six. Myth and the State -- Chapter Seven. Traditional Histories -- Conclusion -- Notes -- Index -- Acknowledgments
Sommario/riassunto	In recent years, the study and teaching of Native American oral and written art have flourished. During the same period, there has been a growing recognition among historians, anthropologists, and ethnohistorians that Indians must be seen not as the voiceless, nameless, faceless Other but as people who had a powerful impact on the historical development of the United States. Literary critics, however, have continued to overlook Indians as determinants of American-rather than specifically Native American-literature. The notion that the presence of Indian peoples shaped American literature as a whole remains unexplored. In <i>The Demon of the Continent</i> , Joshua David Bellin probes the complex interrelationships among Native American and Euro-American cultures and literatures from the mid-seventeenth to the mid-nineteenth centuries. He asserts that cultural contact is at the heart of American literature. For Bellin, previous

studies of Indians in American literature have focused largely on the images Euro-American writers constructed of indigenous peoples, and have thereby only perpetuated those images. Unlike authors of those earlier studies, Bellin refuses to reduce Indians to static antagonists or fodder for a Euro-American imagination. Drawing on works such as Henry David Thoreau's *Walden*, William Apess' *A Son of the Forest*, and little known works such as colonial Indian conversion narratives, he explores the ways in which these texts reflect and shape the intercultural world from which they arose. In doing so, Bellin reaches surprising conclusions: that *Walden* addresses economic clashes and partnerships between Indians and whites; that William Bartram's *Travels* encodes competing and interpenetrating systems of Indian and white landholding; that Catherine Sedgwick's *Hope Leslie* enacts the antebellum drama of Indian conversion; that James Fenimore Cooper and Henry Wadsworth Longfellow struggled with Indian authors such as George Copway and David Cusick for physical, ideological, and literary control of the nation. *The Demon of the Continent* proves Indians to be actors in the dynamic processes in which America and its literature are inescapably embedded. Shifting the focus from textual images to the sites of material, ideological, linguistic, and aesthetic interaction between peoples, Bellin reenvision American literature as the product of contact, conflict, accommodation, and interchange.
