

1.	Record Nr.	UNINA990001315840403321
	Autore	Ditlea, Steve
	Titolo	Wordstar 6 : la grande guida / Steve Ditlea
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Milano : Jackson, 1992
	ISBN	88-256-0337-1
	Descrizione fisica	XII, 587 p. : ill., 24 cm
	Disciplina	652.5
	Locazione	MA1
	Collocazione	170-A-29
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Titolo originale: Using Wordstar, third ed.
2.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910452926803321
	Titolo	Pioneering human myoblast genome therapy [[electronic resource] /] / Peter K. Law ... [et al.]
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York, : Nova Biomedical Books, c2009
	ISBN	1-61470-587-9
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (150 p.)
	Collana	Novinka
	Altri autori (Persone)	LawPeter K
	Disciplina	572.8/633
	Soggetti	Gene mapping Human gene mapping Electronic books.
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [99]-123) and index.
	Nota di contenuto	Introduction -- Myoblast transfer in DMD subjects -- Human myoblast

genome therapy and the regenerative heart -- The world's first myoblast study of type II diabetic patients -- Future perspectives.

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910480142803321
Autore	MacKenzie John M (John MacDonald), <1943->
Titolo	The British Empire through buildings : structure, function, meaning / / John M. MacKenzie
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Manchester : , : Manchester University Press, , [2020] ©2020
ISBN	1-5261-5205-3 1-5261-4597-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (1 PDF (ix, 296 pages) :) : illustrations
Disciplina	720.941
Soggetti	Architecture and society - Great Britain Imperialism and architecture Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Construction and destruction -- Militarisation, mobility and the residencies of power -- Cities, towns, civic buildings and hill stations -- Institutions of the bourgeois public sphere and new technologies -- Domestic residences and city improvement -- The buildings of ritual : religion and freemasonry -- Colonial cities : Valletta, Rangoon and new capitals.
Sommario/riassunto	Buildings provide tremendous insights into the character of imperialism, not least in the manner in which Western forms were spread across the globe. They reveal the projection of power and authority in colonised landscapes, as well the economic ambitions and social and cultural needs of colonial peoples in all types of colonies. They also represent a colonial order of social classes and racial divisions, together with the ways in which these were inflected through domestic living space, places of work and various aspects of cultural relations. They illuminate the desires of Europeans to indulge in cultural and religious proselytisation, encouraging indigenous peoples

to adopt western norms. But the resistance of the supposedly subordinate people led to the invasion, adoption and adaptation of such buildings for a post-colonial world. The book will be vital reading for all students and scholars interested in the widest aspects of material culture.

4. Record Nr.	UNINA9910458638803321
Titolo	Health care issues in the United States and Japan [[electronic resource] /] / edited by David A. Wise and Naohiro Yashiro
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Chicago, : University of Chicago Press, c2006
ISBN	1-281-22409-X 9786611224097 0-226-90324-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (272 p.)
Collana	National Bureau of Economic Research conference report
Altri autori (Persone)	WiseDavid A YashiroNaohiro <1946->
Disciplina	362.10952
Soggetti	Medical care - Japan Medical care - United States Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- National Bureau of Economic Research -- Relation of the Directors to the Work and Publications of the National Bureau of Economic Research -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction -- 1. Evaluating Japan's Health Care Reform of the 1990's and Its Efforts to Cope with Population Aging -- 2. The U.S. Medical Care System for the Elderly -- 3. An International Look at the Medical Care Financing Problem -- 4. Removing the Instability and Inequity in the Japanese Health Insurance System -- 5. The Volume-Outcome Relationship in Japan: The Case of Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty (PTCA) Volume on Mortality of Acute Myocardial Infarction (AMI) Patients -- 6. Market Concentration, Efficiency, and Quality in the

Japanese Home Help Industry -- 7. A Comparison of the Quality of Health Care in the United States and Japan: Treatment and Outcomes for Heart Attack Patients -- 8. Geography and the Use of Effective Health Care in the United States -- 9. Does Caregiving Affect Work? Evidence Based on Prior Labor Force Experience -- 10. Conjoint Analysis to Estimate the Demand for Nicotine Replacement Therapy in Japan -- Contributors -- Author Index -- Subject Index

Sommario/riassunto

Recent data show wide disparity between Japan and the United States in the effectiveness of their health care systems. Japan spends close to the lowest percentage of its gross domestic product on health care among OECD countries, the United States spends the highest, yet life expectancies in Japan are among the world's longest. Clearly, a great deal can be learned from a comprehensive comparative analysis of health care issues in these two countries. In *Health Care Issues in the United States and Japan*, contributors explore the structural characteristics of the health care systems in both nations, the economic incentives underlying the systems, and how they operate in practice. Japan's system, they show, is characterized by generous insurance schemes, a lack of gatekeepers, and fee-for-service mechanisms. The United States' structure, on the other hand, is distinguished by for-profit hospitals, privatized health insurance, and managed care. But despite its relative success, an aging population and a general shift from infectious diseases to more chronic maladies are forcing the Japanese to consider a model more closely resembling that of the United States. In an age when rising health care costs and aging populations are motivating reforms throughout the world, this timely study will prove invaluable.
