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| Nota di bibliografia | |
| Nota di contenuto | A Syntax of the Nivkh Language; Editorial page; Title page; LCC data; Pictures of the authors; Table of contents; Foreword; Foreword; Abbreviations; Introductory notes; 1.1 Grammatical markers. Word classes; 1.2 Syntax; 1.3 Morphology of the verb; 1.4 Morphology of the noun; 1.5 Phonetics; 1.6 Morphonology; Bound and free complexes; Free and bound word variants; Morphological and syntactic complexes. Attributive and object complexes; Extended morphological complexes; Personal and reflexive pronouns; Basic rules of alternation of plosives and fricatives; Special types of alternations 10.3 Variants with the initial components j-/i-/e- (over 140 transitives) 10.3.1 Two-member variants: J-/i-/e- alternate with Ø or -h-; 10.3.2 Two-member variants with consonant alternation; 10.3.3 Three-member variants with consonant alternation; 10.3.4 Four-member variants with consonant alternation; 10.3.5 Individual variants; 10.4 Transitives with the initial consonant v-; 10.5 Exceptions; 10.6 Verbs with the component hur-; The attribute + noun complex. Alternation of |

initial consonants of nouns and verbs in attributive position; 11.1 Pronouns and nouns used as attributes 11.2 Intransitive verbs of action used as attributes 11.3 Qualitative verbs used as attributes; 11.4 Transitive verbs used as attributes; 11.4.1 The head word of an attributive complex is a subject; 11.4.2 The head word of an attributive complex is an object; 11.4.2.1 A transitive verb changes its initial consonant; 11.4.2.2 A transitive verb does not change its initial consonant; 11.5 The head word corresponds to an oblique object or an adverbial; The verbal finite predicate; The nominal predicate; Converbs; 14.1 Converbs marked for subject agreement; 14.1.1 The converb in -r, -t 14.1.2 The converb in -ror, -tot 14.1.3 The converb in -ra, -ta; 14.2 Same-subject, different-subject and variable-subject converbs; 14.3 Converbs marked for tense; 14.4 Converbs expressing purely temporal (taxis) relations and converbs with other meanings; 14.4.1 Converbs expressing purely temporal relations; 14.4.2 Converbs expressing non-temporal relations; 14.5 Syntactic relations of converbs; Coordination of homogeneous predicates; 15.1 The finite verb form as a homogeneous predicate; 15.2 The converb in -r, -t (see 14.1.1); 15.3 The converb in -ra, -ta (see 14.1.3); The noun 16.1 Plural marking

Sommario/riassunto

This volume, originally published in Russian in 2012, is one of the few larger works on Nivkh (Gilyak), an underinvestigated endangered Paleosiberian language-isolate, that have appeared lately. It is a descriptive grammar based on extensive language data and supplemented with the authors' experiments and subtle analysis, aimed at elucidating some moot points of the highly specific Nivkh syntax, and with quantitative data. It focuses on syntactic and semantic types of verbs and their aspectual and temporal characteristics, various groups of verbal grammatical morphemes, the use of finite and non