Record Nr. UNINA9910452662103321 Autore Corburn Jason Titolo Healthy city planning: from neighbourhood to national health equity / / Jason Corburn Milton Park, Abingdon, Oxon:,: Routledge,, 2013 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-203-77224-5 1-299-46970-1 1-135-03843-0 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (193 p.) Collana Planning, history and environment series Disciplina 362.109173/2 Urban health Soggetti Cities and towns - Health aspects Urban ecology (Sociology) - Health aspects Public health - Environmental aspects Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Cover; Healthy City Planning; Title Page; Copyright Page; Table of Nota di contenuto Contents; Preface; Acknowledgements; Introduction; The pursuit of health equity on a planet of cities; The spatial and relational complexity of urban health inequities; From health in cities to healthy city planning; New science for healthy and equitable cities; On methods; Why these cases?; Outline of the book: learning from the South; 1 Adaptive Urban Health Justice; Of machines and butterflies; Eco-social epidemiology; Embodiment; Multiple pathways of embodiment; Weathering hypothesis Relational framing: exposure, susceptibility and resilienceRelational characteristics of urban places; Accountability and agency: identifying responsible institutions; Science and technology studies for the city; Adaptive ecosystem management; Adaptive urban health justice = healthy city planning; Building from practice; 2 The City in the Field; Investigating nineteenth-century urban health inequities in the field:

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Sommario/riassunto

"Healthy city planning means seeking ways to eliminate the deep and persistent inequities that plague cities. Yet, as Jason Corburn argues in this book, neither city planning nor public health is currently organized to ensure that today's cities will be equitable and healthy. Having made the case for what he calls adaptive urban health justice in the opening chapter, Corburn briefly reviews the key events, actors, ideologies, institutions and policies that shaped and reshaped the urban public health and planning from the nineteenth century to the present day. He uses two frames to organize this historical review: the view of the city as a field site and as a laboratory. In the second part of the book Corburn uses in-depth case studies of health and planning activities in Rio de Janeiro, Nairobi, and Richmond, California to explore the institutions, policies and practices that constitute healthy city planning. These case studies personify some of the characteristics of his ideal of adaptive urban health justice. Each begins with an historical review of the place, its policies and social movements around urban development and public health, and each is an example of the urban poor participating in, shaping, and being impacted by healthy city planning"

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