1. Record Nr. UNINA9910452383603321 Autore Wyatt Don J Titolo The Blacks of premodern China [[electronic resource] /] / Don J. Wyatt Philadelphia,: University of Pennsylvania Press, c2010 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-283-89052-6 0-8122-0358-5 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource Collana **Encounters with Asia** Disciplina 305.89605109 Soggetti Africans - China - History - To 1500 Black people - China - History - To 1500 Slavery - China - Guangzhou - History - To 1500 Electronic books. Africa Relations China China Race relations China Relations Africa Guangzhou (China) Race relations Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- Introduction -- CHAPTER ONE. From History'S Mists -- CHAPTER Two. The Slaves Of Guangzhou --CHAPTER THREE. To The End Of The Western Sea -- Conclusion --Notes -- GLOSSARY -- BIBLIOGRAPHY -- INDEX --**ACKNOWLEDGMENTS** Premodern Chinese described a great variety of the peoples they Sommario/riassunto encountered as "black." The earliest and most frequent of these encounters were with their Southeast Asian neighbors, specifically the Malayans. But by the midimperial times of the seventh through seventeenth centuries C.E., exposure to peoples from Africa, chiefly slaves arriving from the area of modern Somalia, Kenya, and Tanzania, gradually displaced the original Asian "blacks" in Chinese consciousness. In The Blacks of Premodern China, Don J. Wyatt

presents the previously unexamined story of the earliest Chinese encounters with this succession of peoples they have historically

regarded as black. A series of maritime expeditions along the East African coastline during the early fifteenth century is by far the best known and most documented episode in the story of China's premodern interaction with African blacks. Just as their Western contemporaries had, the Chinese aboard the ships that made landfall in Africa encountered peoples whom they frequently classified as savages. Yet their perceptions of the blacks they met there differed markedly from those of earlier observers at home in that there was little choice but to regard the peoples encountered as free. The premodern saga of dealings between Chinese and blacks concludes with the arrival in China of Portuguese and Spanish traders and Italian clerics with their black slaves in tow. In Chinese writings of the time, the presence of the slaves of the Europeans becomes known only through sketchy mentions of black bondservants. Nevertheless, Wyatt argues that the story of these late premodern blacks, laboring anonymously in China under their European masters, is but a more familiar extension of the previously untold story of their ancestors who toiled in Chinese servitude perhaps in excess of a millennium earlier.