

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910452178703321
Autore	Chase William J. <1947->
Titolo	Enemies within the gates? [[electronic resource]] : the Comintern and the Stalinist repression, 1934-1939 // William J. Chase ; Russian documents translated by Vadim A. Staklo
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New Haven, : Yale University Press, c2001
ISBN	1-281-73139-0 9786611731397 0-300-13319-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (540 p.)
Collana	Annals of Communism series
Altri autori (Persone)	StakloVadim A
Disciplina	947.084/2
Soggetti	Political persecution - Soviet Union - History Electronic books. Soviet Union Politics and government 1936-1953
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- A Note on the Documents -- Abbreviations and Acronyms -- Chronology -- Introduction -- Chapter 1. The Comintern -- Chapter 2. The Kirov Murder and the Call for Vigilance -- Chapter 3. The Search for "Hostile Elements" and "Suspicious" Foreigners -- Chapter 4. Campaigns Converge, Anxieties Deepen -- Chapter 5. The Victims of Vigilance -- Chapter 6. The Consequences of Vigilance -- Chapter 7. Case Studies -- Chapter 8. Fear, Obedience, Belief, and Repression -- Notes -- Biographical Sketches -- Index of Documents -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	This compelling work of documentary history tells a story of idealism betrayed, a story of how the Comintern (Communist International), an organization established by Lenin in 1919 to direct and assist revolutionary movements throughout the world, participated in and was ultimately destroyed by the Stalinist repression in the late 1930's. Presenting and drawing on recently declassified archival documents, William J. Chase analyzes the Comintern's roles as agent, instrument, and victim of terror. In both principle and practice, the Comintern was an international organization, with a staff that consisted primarily of

Communist émigrés who had fled dictatorial regimes in Europe and Asia. It was, however, headquartered in Moscow and controlled by Soviet leaders. This book examines the rise of suspicions and xenophobia among Soviet and Comintern leaders and cadres for whom many foreigners were no longer the heroes of the class struggle but rather possible enemy agents. Some Comintern members internalized and acted on Stalin's theories about the infiltration of foreign spies into Soviet society, supplying the Soviet police with information that led to the exile or execution of émigrés. Thousands of other émigrés also became victims of the purges. Together the text and documents of this book convey graphically the essential roles played by the Comintern, providing a unique perspective on the era of Stalinist repression and terror.
