1. Record Nr. UNISA990003368660203316

Autore	VEGA, Lope : de
Titolo	Servir a señor discreto / Lope de Vega ; edicion, introduccion y notas de Frida Weber de Kurlat
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Madrid : Castalia, 1975
ISBN	84-7039-195-X
Descrizione fisica	323 p. ; 18 cm.
Collana	Clasicos castalia ; 68
Disciplina	862.31
Soggetti	Letteratura drammatica spagnola
Collocazione	II.5.COLL.5/68
Lingua di pubblicazione	Non definito
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910480369203321

Autore	Richardson J. F (John Francis)
Titolo	Particle technology and separation processes [[electronic resource] /] / J.F. Richardson and J.H. Harker with J.R. Backhurst
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Oxford, : Butterworth-Heinemann, 2002
ISBN	1-280-94356-4 9786610943562 0-08-049064-6
Edizione	[5th ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (1219 p.)
Collana	Coulson & Richardson's chemical engineering ; ; v. 2
Altri autori (Persone)	HarkerJ. H <1937-> (John Hadlett) BackhurstJ. R CoulsonJ. M (John Metcalfe)
Disciplina	660 660.2
Soggetti	Chemical engineering Particles Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Previous ed. published as: Chemical engineering v.2. Oxford : Pergamon, 1991.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; Contents; Preface; Acknowledgements; Introduction; Chapter 1. Particulate Solids; 1.1 Introduction; 1.2 Particle characterisation; 1.3 Particulate solids in bulk; 1.4 Blending of solid particles; 1.5 Classification of solid particles; 1.6 Separation of suspended solid particles from fluids; 1.7 Further reading; 1.8 References; 1.9 Nomenclature; Chapter 2. Particle size reduction and enlargement; 2.1 Introduction; 2.2 Size reduction of solids; 2.3 Types of crushing equipment; 2.4 Size enlargement of particles; 2.5 Further reading; 2.6 References; 2.7 Nomenclature Chapter 3. Motion of particles in a fluid3.1 Introduction; 3.2 Flow past a cylinder and a sphere; 3.3 The drag force on a spherical particle; 3.4 Non-spherical particles; 3.5 Motion of bubbles and drops; 3.6 Drag forces and settling velocities for particles in non-Newtonian Fluids; 3.7 Accelerating motion of a particle in the gravitational Field; 3.8 Motion of particles in a centrifugal Field; 3.9 Further reading; 3.10 References;

3.11 Nomenclature; Chapter 4. Flow of fluids through granular beds and packed columns; 4.1 Introduction; 4.2 Flow of a single fluid through a granular bed
4.3 Dispersion4.4 Heat transfer in packed beds; 4.5 Packed columns; 4.6 Further reading; 4.7 References; 4.8 Nomenclature; Chapter 5. Sedimentation; 5.1 Introduction; 5.2 Sedimentation of Fine particles; 5.3 Sedimentation of coarse particles; 5.4 Further reading; 5.5 References; 5.6 Nomenclature; Chapter 6. Fluidisation; 6.1 Characteristics of fluidised systems; 6.2 Liquid-solids systems; 6.3 Gas-solids systems; 6.4 Gas-liquid-solids fluidised beds; 6.5 Heat transfer to a boundary surface; 6.6 Mass and heat transfer between fluid and particles; 6.7 Summary of the properties of fluidised beds 6.8 Applications of the fluidised solids technique6.9 Further reading; 6.10 References; 6.11 Nomenclature; Chapter 7. Liquid filtration; 7.1 Introduction; 7.2 Filtration theory; 7.3 Filtration practice; 7.4 Filtration equipment; 7.5 Further reading; 7.6 References; 7.7 Nomenclature; Chapter 8. Membrane separation processes; 8.1 Introduction; 8.2 Classification of membrane processes; 8.3 The nature of synthetic membranes; 8.4 General membrane equation; 8.5 Cross-flow microfitration; 8.6 Ultrafiltration; 8.7 Reverse osmosis; 8.8 Membrane modules and plant configuration; 8.9 Membrane fouling
8.10 Electrodialysis8.11 Reverse osmosis water treatment plant; 8.12 Pervaporation; 8.13 Liquid membranes; 8.14 Gas separations; 8.15 Further reading; 8.16 References; 8.17 Nomenclature; Chapter 9. Centrifugal separations; 9.1 Introduction; 9.2 Shape of the free surface of the liquid; 9.3 Centrifugal pressure; 9.4 Separation of immiscible liquids of different densities; 9.5 Sedimentation in a centrifugal field; 9.6 Filtration in a centrifuge; 9.7 Mechanical design; 9.8 Centrifugal equipment; 9.9 Further reading; 9.10 References; 9.11 Nomenclature; Chapter 10. Leaching; 10.1 Introduction
10.2 Mass transfer in leaching operations

Sommario/riassunto

Chemical Engineering Volume 2 covers the properties of particulate systems, including the character of individual particles and their behaviour in fluids. Sedimentation of particles, both singly and at high concentrations, flow in packed and fluidised beads and filtration are then examined.The latter part of the book deals with separation processes, such as distillation and gas absorption, which illustrate applications of the fundamental principles of mass transfer introduced in Chemical Engineering Volume 1. In conclusion, several techniques of growing importance - adsorption, ion ex

3.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910450666003321
	Titolo	The constructed past : experimental archaeology, education, and the public / / edited by Peter G. Stone and Philippe G. Planel
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York : , : Routledge, , 1999
	ISBN	1-134-82828-4 1-280-02016-4 0-203-28823-8 0-203-20582-0 9786610020164
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (324 p.)
	Collana	One world archaeology ; ; 36
	Altri autori (Persone)	PlanelPhilippe G. <1948-> StonePeter G. <1957->
	Disciplina	930.1/028/5
	Soggetti	Archaeology - Experiments Archaeology - Study and teaching Historic sites - Conservation and restoration Historic sites - Interpretive programs Archaeology and history Excavations (Archaeology) - Interpretive programs Tourism - Social aspects Electronic books.
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Papers originally presented at the third World Archaeological Congress held in New Delhi, India in December 1994.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
	Nota di contenuto	Book Cover; Title; Contents; List of figures; List of tables; List of contributors; Preface; Introduction; Archaeological reconstructions and the community in the UK; Reconstruction versus preservation-in-place in the US National Park Service; Reconstruction sites and education in Japan: a case study from the Kansai region; The origin and role of the Irish National Heritage Park; Resurrection and deification at Colonial Williamsburg, USA; Shakespeare's Globe: 'As faithful a copy as scholarship could get'; 'A bit of a bastard'; Butser Ancient Farm, Hampshire, UK; The Historical

Archaeological Experimental Centre at Lejre, Denmark: 30 years of experimenting with the past Reconstruction as ideology: the open air museum at Oerlinghausen, Germany; Slavonic archaeology: Gro Raden, an open air museum in a unified Germany; The reconstruction of sites in the archaeological theme park ARCHEON in the Netherlands; Pembrokeshire's pasts. Natives, invaders and Welsh archaeology: the Castell Henllys experience; The Parc Pyreneen d'Art Prehistorique, France: beyond replica and re-enactment in interpreting the ancient past
Experimental archaeology and education: ancient technology at the service of modern education at SAMARA, France Lake dwellings: archaeological interpretation and social perception, a case study from France; The Ancient Technology Centre, Cranborne, UK: a reconstruction site built for education; Bede's World, UK: the monk who made history; Archaeological reconstruction and education at the Jorvik Viking Centre and Archaeological Resource Centre, York, UK; oNdini, the Zulu royal capital of King Cetshwayo ka Mpande (1873 1879); Arkaim Archaeological Park: a cultural; ecological reserve in Russia Index

Sommario/riassunto

The Constructed Past presents group of powerful images of the past, termed in the book construction sites. At these sites, full scale, three-dimensional images of the past have been created for a variety of reasons including archaeological experimentation, tourism and education. Using various case studies, the contributors frankly discuss the aims, problems and mistakes experienced with reconstruction. They encourage the need for on-going experimentation and examine the various uses of the sites; political, economical and educational.