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aspects of business and banking developments in 1936 and 1937; The 100 percent reserve plan; The White House, Washington, Memorandum for the President: Personal; The White House, Washington, Memorandum for the President; Money and savings: how definitions affect policies[1]; Organization for monetary policy formulation[1]; A new hypothesis on the demand for money: the "accounting" motive and banks' costs[1]

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Sommario/riassunto

The Editor's introduction to this special issue reviews the contributions of Lauchlin Currie (1902-1993) to monetary theory and policy over the six decades of his professional career. This is followed by 27 of Currie's hitherto unpublished papers and memoranda. These include Currie's own memoirs of his work at Harvard, 1925-1934, when he was almost alone in blaming the Fed for its failure to prevent the Great Depression of 1929-1933; and of his work at the US Treasury and Fed, 1934-1939. During this latter period he drafted the 1935 Banking Act that shifted the power base of the monetary syste

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