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| Titolo                  | Reforming international environmental governance [[electronic resource]] : from institutional limits to innovative solutions / / edited by W. Bradnee Chambers and Jessica F. Green  |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa      | Tokyo ; ; New York, : United Nations University Press, c2005   |
| ISBN                    | 92-808-7090-4<br>1-4237-6605-9   |
| Descrizione fisica      | 1 online resource (247 p.)   |
| Altri autori (Persone)  | ChambersW. Bradnee<br>GreenJessica F   |
| Disciplina              | 363.7/0526   |
| Soggetti                | Environmental policy - International cooperation<br>Environmental law, International<br>Electronic books.  |
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| Formato                 | Materiale a stampa   |
| Livello bibliografico   | Monografia   |
| Note generali           | Description based upon print version of record.  |
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| Nota di contenuto       | CONTENTS; Foreword; List of contributors; Introduction: Toward an effective framework for sustainable development; 1 From environmental to sustainable development governance: Thirty years of coordination within the United Nations; 2 Clustering of multilateral environmental agreements: Potentials and limitations; 3 Strengthening international environmental governance by strengthening UNEP; 4 A World Environment Organization; 5 The World Trade Organization and global environmental governance; 6 Judicial mechanisms: Is there a need for a World Environment Court? 7 Reforming the United Nations Trusteeship Council 8 Expanding the mandate of the United Nations Security Council; Index |
| Sommario/riassunto      | More than 500 international agreements and institutions now influence the governance of environmental problems ranging from climate change to persistent organic pollutants. The establishment of environmental institutions has been largely ad hoc, diffused, and somewhat chaotic because the international community has addressed key environmental challenges as and when they have arisen. The World Summit on Sustainable Development in Johannesburg in 2002  |

underscored the need to reform the current institutional framework for environmental governance, but failed to come up with any substantive recommendations.

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