Record Nr. UNINA9910450168403321 The Evolutionary emergence of language: social function and the **Titolo** origins of linguistic form // edited by Chris Knight, Michael Studdert-Kennedy, James R. Hurford [[electronic resource]] Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,. 2000 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-107-12919-2 1-280-42978-X 0-511-17798-4 0-511-04093-8 0-511-14847-X 0-511-32584-3 0-511-60644-3 0-511-04604-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xi, 426 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Disciplina 401 Soggetti Language and languages - Origin Anthropological linguistics Human evolution Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and indexes. Nota di contenuto Language: a Darwinian adaptation? / Chris Knight, Michael Studdert-Kennedy and James R. Hurford -- Introduction: the evolution of cooperative communication / Chris Knight -- Comprehension, production and conventionalisation in the origins of language / Robbins Burling -- Cooperation, competition and the evolution of prelinguistic communication / Jason Noble -- Language and hominid politics / Jean-Louis Dessalles -- Secret language use at female initiation: bounding gossiping communities / Camilla Power -- Plav as precursor of phonology and syntax / Chris Knight --Introduction: the emergence of phonetic structure / Michael Studdert-Kennedy -- The role of mimesis in infant language development: evidence for

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Sommario/riassunto

Language has no counterpart in the animal world. Unique to Homo sapiens, it appears inseparable from human nature. But how, when and why did it emerge? The contributors to this volume - linguists, anthropologists, cognitive scientists, and others - adopt a modern Darwinian perspective which offers a bold synthesis of the human and natural sciences. As a feature of human social intelligence, language evolution is driven by biologically anomalous levels of social cooperation. Phonetic competence correspondingly reflects social pressures for vocal imitation, learning, and other forms of social transmission. Distinctively human social and cultural strategies gave rise to the complex syntactical structure of speech. This book, presenting language as a remarkable social adaptation, testifies to the growing influence of evolutionary thinking in contemporary linguistics. It will be welcomed by all those interested in human evolution, evolutionary psychology, linguistic anthropology, and general linguistics.