

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910456805203321
Titolo	Grammatical analyses in Basque and Romance linguistics [[electronic resource]] : papers in honor of Mario Saltarelli // edited by Jon Franco, Alazne Landa, Juan Martin
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Amsterdam ; ; Philadelphia, : Benjamins, c1999
ISBN	1-283-17466-9 9786613174666 90-272-8378-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (314 p.)
Collana	Amsterdam studies in the theory and history of linguistic science. Series IV, Current issues in linguistic theory, , 0304-0763 ; ; v. 187
Altri autori (Persone)	FrancoJon LandaAlazne MartinJuan <1961-> SaltarelliMario
Disciplina	440/.045
Soggetti	Romance languages - Grammar Basque language - Grammar Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
Nota di contenuto	Anaphora and soft constraints / Luigi Burzio -- Passive constructions and partitive case checking in Spanish / Hector Campos -- Deconstructing weak cross-over / Heles Contreras -- A minimal account of Spanish adjective position and interpretation / Violeta Demonte -- Pre-Basque plosives / Jose Ignacio Hualde -- A unified approach to control and obviation / Marta Lujan -- Theta binding and the semantics of NPs in Romance / Juan Martin -- Tuscan germinates and trochaic feet / Michael Mazzola -- Unaccusative and antipassive constructions in Basque and Spanish / Errapel Mejias-Bikandi -- Focus phrases, force phrases and left heads in Basque / Jon Ortiz de Urbina -- On agreement and case / Claudia Parodi and Carlos Quicoli -- Directionality of cliticization in European Portuguese : left or right / Eduardo Raposo -- Clitic doubling of strong pronouns in Spanish / Margarita Suner -- Clitic clusters in Romance / Dieter Wanner -- Voice

and aspect / Karen Zagona.

Sommario/riassunto

This volume contains fifteen articles on current theoretical issues in Basque and Romance linguistics. Even though Basque and Romance languages are typologically different and have different genetic origins, one thousand years of coexistence have shown certain parallelisms in their respective grammars. It is Mario Saltarelli that first offered a formal linguistic account of phonological and syntactic phenomena that occur in these two language groups. Thus, this compilation of articles in both Basque and Romance linguistics not only pays tribute to Saltarelli's work by acknowledging his formal

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910426050303321
Autore	Reyes Omar
Titolo	The settlement of the Chonos Archipelago, Western Patagonia, Chile // Omar Reyes
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham, Switzerland : , : Springer, , [2020] Â©2020
ISBN	3-030-54326-9
Edizione	[1st ed. 2020.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XXXII, 267 p. 54 illus., 43 illus. in color.)
Collana	The Latin American studies book series
Disciplina	982.7
Soggetti	Prehistoric peoples - Patagonia (Argentina and Chile)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Presentation -- Foreword -- Acknowledgements -- Chapter 1. Introduction -- Chapter 2. Study area -- Chapter 3. Background -- Chapter 4. Methodology -- Chapter 5. The archaeological record in the Chonos Archipelago -- Chapter 6. Evaluation and discussion of the evidence -- Chapter 7. Conclusion and projections -- References.
Sommario/riassunto	This book describes an archaeological investigation of human occupation in the northern area of the Patagonian archipelago in the far south of South America. It is of global anthropological and archaeological interest, dealing as it does with an archipelago characterised by a maze of islands, fiords, channels, volcanoes and

continental glaciers, in an area which is still very sparsely inhabited with only scattered settlements. It was one of the last parts of the continent to be populated by man, with the arrival of marine hunter-gatherer-fishers. The arrival of human beings in this area, and their subsistence strategies in varied environments, constitute a new example of man's ability to adapt over the course of his history. It is also of interest to document how humans overcome some biogeographical barriers to occupy territories, and how other kinds of barrier restrict movement and access to other regions, leaving certain human groups isolated. Two hunter-gatherer traditions, one marine and one pedestrian, with very different cultural development processes, coexisted in this part of Patagonia separated by less than 100 km of mountains, volcanoes and glaciers. There is no evidence of contact between them over their whole time sequence; on the contrary, the archaeological and bioanthropological evidence indicates two independent axes of movement: one used by canoe groups along the Pacific coast and the other by pedestrian groups in the interior of the continent east of the Andes.
