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	Particle Acceleration and Detection, Beam Physics
	Astrophysics and Astroparticles
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	Elementary Particles, Quantum Field Theory
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Nota di contenuto	Chapter1. Microwave Cavity Simulation Using Ansys HFSS Chapter2. Ultra High Field Solenoids and Axion Detection Chapter3. Recent Results with the ADMX Experiment Chapter4. The Microstrip SQUID Amplifier in ADMX Chapter5. The ORGAN Experiment - Ben McAllister Chapter6. The 3 cavity prototypes of RADES, an axion detector experiment using microwave filters Chapter7. Reaching the 59 eV Range with ADMX: Multi-Cavity Array Chapter8. High-Q 3D Photonic Bandgap Cavities for Axion Detection Chapter9. Magnetic shielding and source-mass characterization in the ARIADNE axion experiment Chapter10. CAPP-PACE experiment with a target mass range around 10 µeV Chapter11. ADMX HiRes Analysis Chapter12. Operation of a ferrimagnetic Axion haloscope at ma = 58

1.

	microeV Chapter13. Overview of the Cosmic Axion Spin Precession Experiment (CASPEr) Chapter14. Axion dark matter search at CAPP Chapter15. Multiple-cell cavity for high mass axion dark matter search Chapter16. Dark Matter Radio Chapter17. Axion Detection with Precision Frequency Metrology Chapter18. Quantum Oscillators and Bayesian Searches Chapter19. MADMAX: Introduction and status Chapter20. Orpheus: Extending the ADMX QCD Dark-Matter Axion Search to Higher Masses.
Sommario/riassunto	The nature of dark matter remains one of the preeminent mysteries in physics and cosmology. It appears to require the existence of new particles whose interactions with ordinary matter are extraordinarily feeble. One well-motivated candidate is the axion, an extraordinarily light neutral particle that may possibly be detected by looking for their conversion to detectable microwaves in the presence of a strong magnetic field. This has led to a number of experimental searches that are beginning to probe plausible axion model space and may reveal the axion in the near future. These proceedings discuss the challenges of designing and operating tunable resonant cavities and detectors at ultralow temperatures. The topics discussed here have potential application far beyond the field of dark matter detection and may be applied to resonant cavities for accelerators as well as designing superconducting detectors for quantum information and computing applications. This work is intended for graduate students and researchers interested in learning the unique requirements for designing and operating microwave cavities and detectors for direct axion searches and to introduce several proposed experimental concepts that are still in the prototype stage.