Record Nr. UNINA9910409698303321 Approaching Complex Diseases: Network-Based Pharmacology and **Titolo** Systems Approach in Bio-Medicine / / edited by Mariano Bizzarri Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2020 **ISBN** 3-030-32857-0 Edizione [1st ed. 2020.] 1 online resource (XVI, 483 p. 49 illus., 41 illus. in color.) Descrizione fisica Human Perspectives in Health Sciences and Technology, , 2661-8915; Collana ; 2 Disciplina 615.19 Soggetti Pharmacology Systems biology Oncology Medicine—Philosophy Pharmacology/Toxicology Systems Biology Oncology Philosophy of Medicine Farmacologia Ciències de la salut Llibres electrònics Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di contenuto Chapter 1. Revisiting the concept of human disease (Mariano Bizzarri, Mirko Minini, and Noemi Monti) -- Chapter 2. Dynamical aspects of pharmacokinetic/pharmacodynamics and quantitative systems pharmacology models (Ioannis Loisios-Konstantinidis, Panteleimon D. Mavroudis, Panos Macheras) -- Chapter 3. The efficiency of multitarget drugs: a network approach (Lucas N. Alberca, Alan Talevi) --Chapter 4. Mining Complex Biomedical Literature for Actionable Knowledge on Rare Diseases (Vinicius M. Alvesa, Stephen J. Capuzzia, Nancy Baker, Eugene N. Muratov, Alexander Trospsha, and Anthony J. Hickey) -- Chapter 5. Big Data, Personalized Medicine and Network

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Sommario/riassunto

This volume – for pharmacologists, systems biologists, philosophers and historians of medicine – points to investigate new avenues in pharmacology research, by providing a full assessment of the premises underlying a radical shift in the pharmacology paradigm. The pharmaceutical industry is currently facing unparalleled challenges in developing innovative drugs. While drug-developing scientists in the 1990s mostly welcomed the transformation into a target-based approach, two decades of experience shows that this model is failing to boost both drug discovery and efficiency. Selected targets were often not druggable and with poor disease linkage, leading to either high toxicity or poor efficacy. Therefore, a profound rethinking of the current paradigm is needed. Advances in systems biology are revealing a phenotypic robustness and a network structure that strongly suggest that exquisitely selective compounds, compared with multitarget drugs, may exhibit lower than desired clinical efficacy. This appreciation of the role of polypharmacology has significant implications for tackling the two major sources of attrition in drug development, efficacy and toxicity. Integrating network biology and polypharmacology holds the promise of expanding the current opportunity space for druggable targets.