

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910458678503321
Titolo	Afghanistan [[electronic resource] ] : communications // World Trade Press
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Petaluma, Calif., : World Trade Press, c1993-2010 [2010]
ISBN	1-60780-473-5
Edizione	[2nd ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (25 p.)
Disciplina	384
Soggetti	Communication - Afghanistan Communication and traffic - Afghanistan Telecommunication - Afghanistan Mobile communication systems - Afghanistan Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Cover title.
Sommario/riassunto	Get all three comprehensive reports bundled into one for a complete media and communications profile of Afghanistan. An excellent source of practical information, this profile offers an extensive dialing guide with city codes, a listing of ISPs and Internet cafes, profiles of the major media outlets (with contact info!) and more.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910132957603321
Autore	Compagnoni Giuseppe <1754-1833.>
Titolo	Gli uomini nuovi [[electronic resource] /] / Giuseppe Compagnoni ; a cura di Marcello Savini
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Bologna, : CLUEB, 2004
ISBN	88-491-2237-3
Descrizione fisica	159, 311 p
Altri autori (Persone)	SaviniMarcello <1935->
Disciplina	940
Soggetti	Europe History 1648-1814
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910404084003321
Autore	Di Liegro Italia
Titolo	Genetic and Epigenetic Modulation of Cell Functions by Physical Exercise
Pubbl/distr/stampa	MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2020
ISBN	3-03928-481-9
Descrizione fisica	1 electronic resource (170 p.)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	<p>From an evolutionary perspective, our species has relied upon physical activity for most of its history to survive and has had to escape from predators, to scavenge for food, and to use physique to work or build necessary means for everyday life. Physical activity has been part of our evolution and progress since the very beginning and, consequently, our entire body has been programmed to be active physically. In the last 20 years, scientific research has increasingly shown that our ancient survival principle has beneficial effects not only on the cells and organs involved in physical activities but on the metabolism of the entire organism, influencing the homeostasis and integration of all bodily functions, likely stimulating the production of hormones and other regulatory molecules, with each affecting vital signalling pathways. Most of the web of factors involved in molecular signalling upon exercise are suspected to be centrally controlled by the brain, which has been reported to be deeply modified by physical activity. Such complexity requires a multifaceted approach to shed light on the molecular interactions that occur between physical activity and its outcome at a cellular level.</p>