

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910786436303321
Autore	Blomkvist Vemund
Titolo	Euthalian traditions [[electronic resource]] : text, translation and commentary // Vemund Blomkvist
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin ; ; Boston, : De Gruyter, c2012
ISBN	1-283-85727-8 3-11-029196-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (404 p.)
Collana	Texte und Untersuchungen zur Geschichte der altchristlichen Literatur ; ; 170
Altri autori (Persone)	HellholmDavid
Disciplina	225.5204
Soggetti	Christian literature, Early - History and criticism
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes (on p. [45]-117) an edition of the so-called Euthalian apparatus, in Greek with parallel English translation. Appendix II (p. [299]-344) has title: Parainesis as an ancient genre-designation : the case of the "Euthalian apparatus" and the "Affiliated arguments" / David Hellholm and Vemund Blomkvist.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [345]-376) and indexes.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Preface -- Part One. Introductory Issues -- Part Two. Text and Translation -- Part Three. Commentary -- Part Four. Résumé -- Part Five. Appendices -- Bibliography -- Index of Modern Authors -- Index of Passages
Sommario/riassunto	The 'Euthalian apparatus' is a corpus of auxiliary texts that summarize Acts and the New Testament Letters. The material is found in a great number of Greek biblical manuscripts. Some sources identify the author as 'Euthalius, bishop of Sulci', but almost nothing is known about this figure. Vemund Blomkvist's study is based on the idea that the biblical text and the apparatus form a 'system', and that this system may be studied as a unity. The commentary shows that the different genres of the apparatus offer quite different paraphrases of the apostolic writings: The arguments present a radicalized interpretation of Paul's theology, while the chapter titles seem to be closer to the biblical text. Together with Prof. David Hellholm, Blomkvist has published a study on the meta-terminology of the apparatus ('Parainesis as an ancient genre-designation', 2002), also included in the present volume.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910404075503321
Autore	Bellomo Nicola
Titolo	Kinetic Theory and Swarming Tools to Modeling Complex Systems- Symmetry problems in the Science of Living Systems
Pubbl/distr/stampa	MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2020
ISBN	3-03928-880-6
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (118 p.)
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Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
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Sommario/riassunto	<p>This MPDI book comprises a number of selected contributions to a Special Issue devoted to the modeling and simulation of living systems based on developments in kinetic mathematical tools. The focus is on a fascinating research field which cannot be tackled by the approach of the so-called hard sciences-specifically mathematics-without the invention of new methods in view of a new mathematical theory. The contents proposed by eight contributions witness the growing interest of scientists this field. The first contribution is an editorial paper which presents the motivations for studying the mathematics and physics of living systems within the framework an interdisciplinary approach, where mathematics and physics interact with specific fields of the class of systems object of modeling and simulations. The different contributions refer to economy, collective learning, cell motion, vehicular traffic, crowd dynamics, and social swarms. The key problem towards modeling consists in capturing the complexity features of living systems. All articles refer to large systems of interaction living entities and follow, towards modeling, a common rationale which consists firstly in representing the system by a probability distribution over the microscopic state of the said entities, secondly, in deriving a general mathematical structure deemed to provide the conceptual basis for the derivation of models and, finally, in implementing the said structure by models of interactions at the microscopic scale. Therefore, the modeling approach transfers the dynamics at the low scale to</p>

collective behaviors. Interactions are modeled by theoretical tools of stochastic game theory. Overall, the interested reader will find, in the contents, a forward look comprising various research perspectives and issues, followed by hints on to tackle these.
