Record Nr. UNINA9910404070503321 Autore Keese Alexander Titolo Ethnicity and the colonial state: finding and representing group identifications in a coastal West African and global perspective (1850-7960) / / by Alexander Keese Leiden, [Netherlands];; Boston, [Massachusetts];,: Brill,, 2016 Pubbl/distr/stampa ©2016 ISBN 90-04-30735-4 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (387 p.) Collana Studies in Global Social History, , 1874-6705; ; Volume 22 Disciplina 305.800966 Soggetti Ethnicity - Africa, West - History Group identity - Africa, West - History Wolof (African people) - Ethnic identity Ewe (African people) - Ethnic identity Temne (African people) - Ethnic identity Africa, West Ethnic relations Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali "An earlier version of this monograph was accepted as habilitation thesis by the Faculty of Humanities of the University of Berne, Switzerland, in 2010," Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Front Matter -- Copyright Page -- Acknowledgements -- Maps --Introduction -- Group Identifications: African and Global Categories --Wolof and Wolofisation: Statehood, Colonial Rule, and Identification in Senegal -- Fragmentation and the Temne: From War Raids into Ethnic Civil Wars -- 'Ethnic Identity' as an Anti-colonial Weapon? Ewe Mobilisation from the Late Nineteenth Century to the 1960s --Conclusion -- Back Matter -- Bibliography -- Secondary Sources --Notes -- Index. Sommario/riassunto Ethnicity and the Colonial State analyses, through a comparison of three West African communities (Wolof, Temne, and Ewe), the ways in which ethnic labels and arguments are used (or omitted) in dealings with colonial administrations. It follows these strategies and choices over more than a century, between the conquest periods and independence. Where state structures were weak as a factor of group

cohesion, ethnic arguments were especially likely to come into play. The analysis discusses internal fissures and conflicting interests within the communities as other incentives for ethnic coalition-building. The observations made in this book are put into the context of a global historical perspective, for which "ethnicity" has so far remained a badly defined concept.