Record Nr. UNINA9910383845403321 Autore Furåker Bengt **Titolo** Trade Union Cooperation in Europe: Patterns, Conditions, Issues / / by Bengt Furåker, Bengt Larsson Pubbl/distr/stampa 2020 Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Palgrave Pivot, 2020 **ISBN** 9783030387709 3030387704 Edizione [1st ed. 2020.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (XIV, 157 p. 2 illus., 1 illus. in color.) Classificazione BUS030000SOC026000 Disciplina 658.3 331.88094 Soggetti Personnel management Industrial sociology **Human Resource Management** Sociology of Work Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di contenuto 1. Why and How to Study Trade Union Cooperation in Europe? -- 2. Patterns of transnational trade union cooperation in Europe -- 3. The European Trade Union Movement and the Issue of Statutory Minimum Wages -- 4. Revision of the EU Posting of Workers Directive, Social Dumping and Trade Unions' Position -- 5. Concluding Discussion. Sommario/riassunto This open access book discusses transnational trade union cooperation in Europe - its forms, focuses, conditions, and obstacles. It provides an overview of existing trade union cooperation and includes detailed analyses of two specific questions: the debates on statutory minimum wages and the Posting of Workers Directive. Drawing on empirical research, the authors take a comparative approach, considering national industrial relations regimes as well as individual sectors. With the ongoing processes of integration in Europe, it has become increasingly important for unions to cooperate with regard to employers and EU institutions. The authors illustrate the

interconnections between national and European industrial relations,

and explore the process of European integration in labour markets. Illustrating the potential for and difficulties involved in deepening trade union cooperation across Europe, this work is a vital read for trade unionists, researchers and students interested in European trade unionism and labour markets.