1.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910813881503321
	Autore	Wood Gregory <1973->
	Titolo	Clearing the air : the rise and fall of smoking in the workplace / / Gregory Wood
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ithaca, New York ; ; London, [England] : , : ILR Press, , 2016 ©2016
	ISBN	1-5017-0687-X
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (257 pages)
	Disciplina	331.256
	Soggetti	Smoking in the workplace - United States - History - 20th century Antismoking movement - United States - History - 20th century Smoking - Social aspects - United States - History - 20th century
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Includes index.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
	Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction: Nicotine and Working-Class History -- 1. Reformers, Employers, and the Dangers of Working-Class Smoking -- 2. Smoking Bans and Shop Floor Resistance during the Early Twentieth Century -- 3. Workers, Management, and the Right to Smoke during World War II -- 4. Antismoking Politics in Postwar Workplaces -- 5. "Exiled Smoking" and the Making of Smoke-Free Workplaces -- 6. Organized Labor and the Problem of "Smokers' Rights" -- Conclusion: Quitting Smoking and the Endurance of Nicotine -- Notes -- Index
	Sommario/riassunto	In Clearing the Air, Gregory Wood examines smoking's importance to the social and cultural history of working people in the twentieth-century United States. Now that most workplaces in the United States are smoke-free, it may be difficult to imagine the influence that nicotine addiction once had on the politics of worker resistance, workplace management, occupational health, vice, moral reform, grassroots activism, and the labor movement. The experiences, social relations, demands, and disputes that accompanied smoking in the workplace in turn shaped the histories of antismoking politics and tobacco control.The steady expansion of cigarette smoking among men, women, and children during the first half of the twentieth century

brought working people into sustained conflict with managers' demands for diligent attention to labor processes and work rules. Addiction to nicotine led smokers to resist and challenge policies that coldly stood between them and the cigarettes they craved. Wood argues that workers' varying abilities to smoke on the job stemmed from the success or failure of sustained opposition to employer policies that restricted or banned smoking. During World War II, workers in defense industries, for example, struck against workplace smoking bans. By the 1970s, opponents of smoking in workplaces began to organize, and changing medical knowledge and dwindling union power contributed further to the downfall of workplace smoking. The demise of the ability to smoke on the job over the past four decades serves as an important indicator of how the power of workers' influence in labor-management relations has dwindled over the same period.

2.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910376145903321
	Autore	Hind Michael
	Titolo	Proceedings of the 2011 ACM SIGPLAN X10 Workshop
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Place of publication not identified], : ACM, 2011
	ISBN	1-4503-0770-1
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (64 pages)
	Collana	ACM Conferences
	Soggetti	Engineering & Applied Sciences Computer Science
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
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