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Autore	Hinkley Jeffrey A.
Titolo	Delamination behavior of quasi-isotropic graphite epoxy laminates subjected to tension and torsion loads // J.A. Hinkley and T. K. O'Brien
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Hampton, Virginia : , : National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Langley Research Center, , January 1992
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (approximately 18 pages) : illustrations
Collana	NASA/TM ; ; 104181
Soggetti	Laminates Torsion
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910367745103321
Autore	Saraiva Joao
Titolo	Welfare of Cultured and Experimental Fishes
Pubbl/distr/stampa	MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2019
ISBN	3-03921-711-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (132 p.)
Soggetti	Biology, life sciences
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
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Sommario/riassunto	<p>Welfare is a multidimensional concept that can be described as the state of an animal as it copes with the environment. Captive environments can impact farmed animals at different levels, especially fishes, considering their highly complex sensory world. Understanding the ethology of a species is therefore essential to address fish welfare, and the interpretation of behavioral responses in specific rearing contexts (aquaculture or experimental contexts) demands knowledge of their underlying physiological, developmental, functional, and evolutionary mechanisms. In natural environments, the stress response has evolved to help animals survive challenging conditions. However, animals are adapted to deal with natural stressors, while anthropogenic stimuli may represent stressors that fishes are unable to cope with. Under such circumstances, stress responses may be maladaptive and cause severe damage to the animal. As welfare in captivity is affected in multiple dimensions, multiple possible indicators can be used to assess the welfare state of individuals. In the past, research on welfare has been largely focusing on health indicators and predominantly based on physiological stress. Ethological indicators, however, also integrate the mental perspective of the individual and have been gradually assuming an important role in welfare research: behavioral responses to stressors are an early response to adverse conditions, easily observable, and demonstrative of emotional states. Many behavioral indicators can be used as non-invasive measurements of welfare in practical contexts</p>

such as aquaculture and experimentation. Presently, research in fish welfare is growing in importance and interest because of the growing economic importance of fish farming, the comparative biology opportunities that experimental fishes provide, and the increasing public sensitivity to welfare issues.

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