Record Nr. UNINA9910367237703321 Autore Wu Wei Titolo Absorption Heating Technologies: Efficient Heating, Heat Recovery and Renewable Energy / / by Wei Wu, Xianting Li, Tian You Singapore:,: Springer Singapore:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2020 Pubbl/distr/stampa 981-15-0470-9 **ISBN** Edizione [1st ed. 2020.] 1 online resource (VIII, 266 p. 240 illus., 220 illus. in color.) Descrizione fisica 658.26 Disciplina Soggetti Energy consumption **Building construction** Thermodynamics Heat engineering Heat - Transmission Mass transfer **Energy Efficiency** Building Physics, HVAC Engineering Thermodynamics, Heat and Mass Transfer Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di contenuto Characteristics of Conventional Heating Technologies -- Fundamentals of Absorption Heating Technologies -- Performance of Air Source Absorption Heat Pump -- Improvement of Air Source Absorption Heat Pump -- Performance of Ground Source Absorption Heat Pump --Hybrid Ground Source Absorption Heat Pump System -- Advances in Novel Working Fluids for Absorption Heating -- Advances in Waste Heat and Renewable Energy Utilization -- Perspectives on Absorption Heating Technologies. This book offers a comprehensive introduction to novel absorption Sommario/riassunto heating technologies for improving the energy efficiency of heating systems. The proposed low-temperature heating systems, based on an air source absorption heat pump (ASAHP), significantly increase heating efficiency and reduce pollution emissions. As the performance of

ASAHPs deteriorates at lower ambient/driving temperatures, a series of

advanced cycles is used to extend their applicability, with the compression-assisted ASAHP being the most outstanding example. The book discusses the generator-absorber-heat-exchange ASAHP as a promising solution to make the best of high driving temperatures, an aspect that can be improved further via compression. Further, it addresses the ground source absorption heat pump (GSAHP), which eliminates the soil thermal imbalance of the conventional ground source electrical heat pump (GSEHP), and also reduces the number of boreholes. Various hybrid GSAHP systems are proposed to further enhance applicability, efficiency, and economy: these include a combined GSAHP and GSEHP system, as well as ASAHP and GSAHP systems that incorporate design optimizations. In closing, the book explores the merits of novel working fluids and highlights recent advances concerning waste heat and renewable energy utilization.