Record Nr. UNICASFER0063644 Autore Fessard, Gaston Titolo 1: A la recherche d'une méthode / Gaston Fessard [Paris], : Desclée de Brouwer, [1960] Pubbl/distr/stampa Descrizione fisica 299 p.; 22 cm. Lingua di pubblicazione Francese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Record Nr. UNINA9910366645903321 Titolo Geospatial Technologies for Urban Health / / edited by Yongmei Lu, Eric Delmelle Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2020 **ISBN** 3-030-19573-2 Edizione [1st ed. 2020.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (XI, 259 p. 60 illus., 49 illus. in color.) Collana Global Perspectives on Health Geography, , 2522-8005 Disciplina 307.76 614.422732 Soggetti Urban geography Geographic information systems Public health Medical geography Computer simulation Big data Urban Geography / Urbanism (inc. megacities, cities, towns)

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Sommario/riassunto

This volume presents a timely collection of research papers on the progress, opportunities, and challenges related to the advancement of geospatial technologies for applications in urban health research and management. The chapter authors cover technologies ranging from traditional GIS and remote sensing technologies, to recently developed tracking/locational technologies and volunteered geographic information (VGI). In four main sections, the book uniquely contributes to the conversation of how geospatial technologies and other GIScience research may be enhanced by addressing the data and challenges presented by urban health issues. The book is intended for those with backgrounds in health and medical geography, social epidemiology, urban planning, health management, and lifestyle research. The book starts with an introduction by the editors, providing an overview of traditional and emerging geospatial technologies and how they each can significantly contribute to urban health studies. Section 1 covers urban health risk and disease, and analyses the spatial and temporal patterns of selected urban health issues. Section 2 addresses urban health service access, and demonstrates how traditional and new geospatial technologies apply to different segments of urban populations facing varied challenges. Section 3 focuses on incorporating geospatial technologies in promoting healthy behaviours and lifestyles in urban settings. Section 4 assesses how geospatial technologies may be incorporated into urban health policies and management practices. Adopting a forward-looking perspective, these papers examine the various health challenges in urban systems, and explore how new and emerging geospatial technologies will need to develop to address these problems. .