Record Nr. UNINA9910349445603321 Autore **Boincean Boris** Titolo Farming the Black Earth: Sustainable and Climate-Smart Management of Chernozem Soils / / by Boris Boincean, David Dent Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2019 **ISBN** 3-030-22533-X Edizione [1st ed. 2019.] 1 online resource (243 pages) Descrizione fisica 631.4 Disciplina Soggetti Agriculture Soil science Soil conservation Hydrogeology Hydrology Soil Science & Conservation Hydrology/Water Resources Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references. Nota di contenuto Preface -- Introduction -- Overview -- On giant's shoulders -- 1 Shifting the paradigm of agricultural intensification -- 2 Agro-ecology: the Scientific Basis for Sustainable Intensification of Agriculture -- 3 Land Use, Soil Quality and Soil Organic Matter Management of Chernozem -- 4 Carbon Sequestration and Climate Change -- 5 Crop Rotation -- 6 Soil Tillage and Conservation Agriculture -- 7 Soil Fertility, Soil Fertilization and Nutrient Recycling -- 8 Potential of Chernozem to Reduce Global Warming and Increase Food Security -- 9 General Conclusions -- Index. . Sommario/riassunto This book deals with the sustainability of agriculture on the Black Earth by drawing on data from long-term field experiments. It emphasises the opportunities for greater food and water security at local and regional levels. The Black Earth, Chernozem in Russian, is the best arable soil in the world and the breadbasket of Europe and North America. It was the focus of scientific study at the very beginnings of

soil science in the late 19th century—as a world in itself, created by the

roots of the steppe grasses building a water-stable granular structure that holds plentiful water, allows rapid infiltration of rain and snow melt, and free drainage of any surplus. Under the onslaught of industrial farming, Chernozem have undergone profound but largely unnoticed changes with far-reaching consequences—to the point that agriculture on Chernozem is no longer sustainable. The effects of agricultural practices on global warming, the diversion of rainfall away from replenishment of water resources to destructive runoff, and the pollution of streams and groundwater are all pressing issues. Sustainability absolutely requires that these consequences be arrested.