

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910349441503321
Autore	Chappell Michael
Titolo	Principles of Medical Imaging for Engineers : From Signals to Images / / by Michael Chappell
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2019
ISBN	9783030305116 3030305112
Edizione	[1st ed. 2019.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XIV, 169 p.)
Disciplina	610.28 616.0754
Soggetti	Biotechnology Biomedical engineering Signal processing Radiology Biomedical Engineering and Bioengineering Signal, Speech and Image Processing
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	What is Medical Imaging? -- Part I: From Signals... -- Basic Concepts -- Transmission: X-Rays -- Reflection : Ultrasound -- Emission: SPECT/PET -- Resonance: NMR -- Part II: ...To Images -- A Revision of Frequency Analysis -- Basic Concepts -- Timing-Based Reconstruction -- Back-Projection Reconstruction: X-Ray and PET/SPECT -- Fourier Reconstruction: MRI -- Part III: Functional and Physiological Imaging -- Contrast Agents -- Tracer Kinetics -- Examples of Tracer Kinetic Methods -- Other Physiological and Functional MRI Methods.
Sommario/riassunto	This introduction to medical imaging introduces all of the major medical imaging techniques in wide use in both medical practice and medical research, including Computed Tomography, Ultrasound, Positron Emission Tomography, Single Photon Emission Tomography and Magnetic Resonance Imaging. Principles of Medical Imaging for Engineers introduces fundamental concepts related to why we image and what we are seeking to achieve to get good images, such as the

meaning of 'contrast' in the context of medical imaging. This introductory text separates the principles by which 'signals' are generated and the subsequent 'reconstruction' processes, to help illustrate that these are separate concepts and also highlight areas in which apparently different medical imaging methods share common theoretical principles. Exercises are provided in every chapter, so the student reader can test their knowledge and check against worked solutions and examples. The text considers firstly the underlying physical principles by which information about tissues within the body can be extracted in the form of signals, considering the major principles used: transmission, reflection, emission and resonance. Then, it goes on to explain how these signals can be converted into images, i.e., full 3D volumes, where appropriate showing how common methods of 'reconstruction' are shared by some imaging methods despite relying on different physics to generate the 'signals'. Finally, it examines how medical imaging can be used to generate more than just pictures, but genuine quantitative measurements, and increasingly measurements of physiological processes, at every point within the 3D volume by methods such as the use of tracers and advanced dynamic acquisitions. Principles of Medical Imaging for Engineers will be of use to engineering and physical science students and graduate students with an interest in biomedical engineering, and to their lecturers.
