1. Record Nr. UNINA9910345118503321 Autore **Buxton Julia** Titolo The political economy of narcotics: production, consumption and global markets / / Julia Buxton Pubbl/distr/stampa London, England: ,: Zed Books, , 2006 [London, England]:,: Bloomsbury Publishing,, 2021 **ISBN** 1-350-22340-9 1-84813-752-4 1-78032-850-8 1-281-21611-9 1-84813-161-5 9786611216115 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (257 p.) Disciplina 363.45/ Soggetti Drug control - History Drug abuse - Government policy Drug traffic - Government policy Sociology Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Includes bibliographical references (pages 213-234) and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto 1. Intoxicating substances in historical perspective -- The role of drugs in global society -- Opium and empire -- The Chinese opium market -- 2. The drift to regulation and the idea of prohibition -- Drug consumption in the Western market -- The advent of control: Britain and America contrasted -- The US modernization experience : tension and protest -- The alcohol prohibition movement and experience -- 3. From regulation to control: the internationalization of drug prohibition -- The anti-opium campaign in Britain -- Enter America: the antiopium campaign of the US government -- The Shanghai Conference of 1909 and its impact -- 4. The beginnings of international drug control -- From principle to policy -- Evaluating the early drug control system -- Domestic drug control -- 5. The post-war international drug control regime -- The United Nations and drug control -- The post-war model

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Sommario/riassunto

This scholarly examination of the worldwide web of narcotics today provides students, social workers, health providers, law enforcement officers and policy makers with an up-to-date, overall exploration of the world of drugs. Vast resources are pumped into the 'war on drugs'. But in practice, prohibition has failed. Narcotics use continues to rise, while technology and globalisation have made a whole new range of drugs available to a vast consumer market. Where wealth and demand exist, supply continues to follow. Prohibition has failed to stem consumption and production, criminalised social groups, impeded research into alternative medicine and disease, promoted violence and gang warfare, and impacted negatively on the environment. The alternative is a humane policy framework that recognizes the incentives to produce, traffic and consume narcotics.