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Autore	Mueller Milton
Titolo	Networks and states : the global politics of internet governance / / Milton L. Mueller
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Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (320 p.)
Collana	Information revolution and global politics
Disciplina	384.3/3
Soggetti	Internet - Government policy Internet - Management Internet - International cooperation Internet governance Telecommunication policy - International cooperation Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Sommario/riassunto	When the prevailing system of governing divides the planet into mutually exclusive territorial monopolies of force, what institutions can govern the Internet, with its transnational scope, boundless scale, and distributed control? Given filtering-censorship by states and concerns over national cyber-security, it is often assumed that the Internet will inevitably be subordinated to the traditional system of nation-states. In Networks and States, Milton Mueller counters this, showing how Internet governance poses novel and fascinating governance issues that give rise to a global politics and new transnational institutions. Drawing on theories of networked governance, Mueller provides a broad overview of Internet governance from the formation of ICANN to the clash at the World Summit on the Information Society (WSIS), the

formation of the Internet Governance Forum, the global assault on peer-to-peer file sharing and the rise of national-level Internet control and security concerns. Mueller identifies four areas of conflict and coordination that are generating a global politics of Internet governance: intellectual property, cyber-security, content regulation, and the control of critical Internet resources (domain names and IP addresses). He investigates how recent theories about networked governance and peer production can be applied to the Internet, offers case studies that illustrate the Internet's unique governance problems, and charts the historical evolution of global Internet governance institutions, including the formation of a transnational policy network around the WSIS. Internet governance has become a source of conflict in international relations. Networks and States explores the important role that emerging transnational institutions could play in fostering global governance of communication-information policy.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910337698503321
Autore	Torabi Nooshin
Titolo	Adaptive Governance in Carbon Farming Policies / / by Nooshin Torabi
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Palgrave Pivot, , 2019
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Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XIII, 94 p. 1 illus.)
Disciplina	577.144
Soggetti	Ecology Physical geography Environmental management Environmental Sciences Physical Geography Environmental Management
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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Nota di contenuto

Chapter 1. Introduction: Biodiverse carbon plantings as a tool for mitigating and adapting to climate change -- Chapter 2. Adaptive governance -- Chapter 3. Understanding stakeholders: awareness of carbon farming schemes -- Chapter 4. Landholders' socio-cultural drivers influencing decision making and participation in carbon farming -- Chapter 5. Understanding stakeholders: Post-adoption in carbon farming -- Chapter 6. Similarities and differences in stakeholders' voices -- Chapter 7. Conclusion.

Sommario/riassunto

This book discusses a variety of different perspectives involved in biodiversity management and bio-sequestration projects in Australia, working towards achieving adaptive governance in carbon farming. It not only examines landholders' motivation but also the challenges of integrating biodiverse forests into the agricultural landscape. Drawing on the contrast between science and policy stakeholders' views on carbon farming and the practical challenges of achieving adaptive governance, the book discusses the significant gap between theory and practice encountered in this field of study. The book suggests ways of improving the decision-making capacity of government officials and policymakers involved in managing carbon and biodiversity markets, as well as introducing measures to promote adaptive governance by engaging landholders in more effective land conservation. Climate change is a pressing issue on the global political agenda, and this book makes an important contribution to the ongoing debate. This book will be an invaluable reference for practitioners, policymakers and researchers interested in alternative forms of governance in natural resource management.
