1. **Record Nr.**   UNISALENTO991002777529707536

   Autore   Colloques sur l'esclavage <1971 ; Besançon>

   Titolo   Actes du Colloque 1971 sur l'esclavage

   Pubbl/distr/stampa   Paris : Les Belles Lettres, 1973

   Descrizione fisica   267 p. ; 24 cm

   Collana   Annales litteraires de l'Université de Besançon

   Disciplina   306.362

   Soggetti   Schiavitù - Cogressi

   Lingua di pubblicazione   Francese

   Formato   Materiale a stampa

   Livello bibliografico   Monografia

2. **Record Nr.**   UNINA9910337561403321

   Autore   Al-khateeb Samer

   Titolo   Deviance in Social Media and Social Cyber Forensics : Uncovering Hidden Relations Using Open Source Information (OSINF) / / by Samer Al-khateeb, Nitin Agarwal

   Pubbl/distr/stampa   Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2019

   ISBN   3-030-13690-6

   Edizione   [1st ed. 2019.]

   Descrizione fisica   1 online resource (116 pages)

   Collana   SpringerBriefs in Cybersecurity, , 2193-9748

   Disciplina   302.30285

   Soggetti   Data protection
   Sociology - Methodology
   Computer crimes
   Graph theory
   Data mining
   Data and Information Security
   Sociological Methods
   Cybercrime
   Graph Theory
   Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Chapter1: Deviance in Social Media -- Chapter2: Social Network Measures and Analysis -- Chapter3: Tools and Methodologies for Data Collection, Analysis, and Visualization -- Chapter4: Social Cyber Forensics (SCF): Uncovering Hidden Relationships -- Chapter5: Case Studies of Deviance on Social Media.
Sommario/riassunto	This book describes the methodologies and tools used to conduct social cyber forensic analysis. By applying these methodologies and tools on various events observed in the case studies contained within, their effectiveness is highlighted. They blend computational social network analysis and cyber forensic concepts and tools in order to identify and study information competitors. Through cyber forensic analysis, metadata associated with propaganda-riddled websites are extracted. This metadata assists in extracting social network information such as friends and followers along with communication network information such as networks depicting flows of information among the actors such as tweets, replies, retweets, mentions, and hyperlinks. Through computational social network analysis, the authors identify influential actors and powerful groups coordinating the disinformation campaign. A blended social cyber forensic approach allows them to study cross-media affiliations of the information competitors. For instance, narratives are framed on blogs and YouTube videos, and then Twitter and Reddit, for instance, will be used to disseminate the message. Social cyber forensic methodologies enable researchers to study the role of modern information and communication technologies (ICTs) in the evolution of information campaign and coordination. In addition to the concepts and methodologies pertaining to social cyber forensics, this book also offers a collection of resources for readers including several datasets that were collected during case studies, up-to-date reference and literature surveys in the domain, and a suite of tools that students, researchers, and practitioners alike can utilize. Most importantly, the book demands a dialogue between information science researchers, public affairs officers, and policy makers to prepare our society to deal with the lawless "wild west" of modern social information systems triggering debates and studies on cyber diplomacy.