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| 1. Record Nr. | UNINA9910328759703321 |
| Titolo | // - |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | 20uu , , : , : |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 |
| Soggetti | Expenditures, Public - Israel
Input-output tables - Israel
Israel Commerce
Israel Economic conditions Statistics |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Ebraico |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Periodico |
| 2. Record Nr. | UNINA9910496038503321 |
| Autore | Enweremadu David U |
| Titolo | Anti-corruption campaign in Nigeria (1999-2007) : The politics of a failed reform // David U. Enweremadu |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Zaria, Leiden, : IFRA-Nigeria, 2019 |
| ISBN | 979-1-0923-1253-9 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (xx-208 p.) |
| Collana | WAPOSO Series |
| Soggetti | Political Science Public Admin. & Development
corruption
anti-corruption policy
Obasanjo administration
Nigerian politics
administrative reforms
government policy |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |

Sommario/riassunto

After completing the transition from military to civilian rule, Nigeria began a comprehensive anti-corruption campaign in 1999. Some of the reforms included the establishment of new anti-corruption agencies, a comprehensive reform of the public sector, and a global search for (looted) funds stashed away in other countries. Despite being unprecedented in many ways, the implementation of these programmes soon faced numerous challenges. Among the most obvious was the lack of capacity among some of the major institutions charged with the implementation of the reforms due to inadequate financial support, limited human resources, legal lacunas, an ineffective criminal justice system and constitutional immunity granted to key officials. To this can be added a weak civil society and the non-engagement of sub-national authorities (states and local governments), that together suggest the glaring absence of an internal political coalition against corruption.

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910160291703321
Titolo	Bolivia : : 2016 Article IV Consultation-Press Release; Staff Report; and Statement by the Executive Director for Bolivia
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2016
ISBN	9781475562071 1475562071
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (92 pages) : color illustrations
Collana	IMF Staff Country Reports
Soggetti	Banks and Banking Exports and Imports Macroeconomics Money and Monetary Policy Public Finance Criminology Monetary Policy, Central Banking, and the Supply of Money and Credit: General Debt Debt Management Sovereign Debt Commodity Markets Public Enterprises Public-Private Enterprises Banks Depository Institutions

Micro Finance Institutions
Mortgages
General Aggregative Models: General
Public finance & taxation
Monetary economics
International economics
Civil service & public sector
Credit
Public debt
Commodity prices
Public sector
Banking
Money
Prices
Economic sectors
National accounts
Debts, Public
Finance, Public
Banks and banking
National income
Bolivia Economic conditions
Bolivia

Lingua di pubblicazione

Inglese

Formato

Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico

Monografia

Sommario/riassunto

This 2016 Article IV Consultation highlights Bolivia's substantial economic and social progress, boosted by the commodity boom. Growth has been strong, averaging about 5 percent since 2006, and poverty has fallen by a third. During this time, the authorities built up sizable buffers and largely dedollarized the financial system. Real GDP growth is projected at 3.7 percent in 2016, which is still relatively strong by regional standards. In the medium term, growth is expected to converge toward 3.5 percent, consistent with the new commodity price normal, amid persistent twin deficits.
