1. Record Nr. UNINA9910300857103321 Autore Enzmann Dirk Titolo A Global Perspective on Young People as Offenders and Victims: First Results from the ISRD3 Study // by Dirk Enzmann, Janne Kivivuori, Ineke Haen Marshall, Majone Steketee, Mike Hough, Martin Killias Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, Pubbl/distr/stampa 2018 3-319-63233-7 ISBN Edizione [1st ed. 2018.] 1 online resource (xiv, 85 pages, 9 illustrations in colour) Descrizione fisica Collana SpringerBriefs in Criminology, , 2192-8533 Disciplina 364.36 Soggetti Demography Victimology Cultural studies Juvenile delinquents **Cultural Studies** Youth Offending and Juvenile Justice Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and Nota di bibliografia index. 1: Introduction to the International Self-Report Delinquency Study Nota di contenuto (ISRD3) -- 2: Methodology and Description of the Sample -- 3: Selfreported Offending in Global Surveys: A Stocktaking -- 4: Young people as victims of crime -- 5: Summary and Conclusions --Appendix 1: ISRD3 Victimization Questions -- Appendix 2: ISRD3 Self-Reported Delinquency Questions. This Brief presents the first major release of findings from the Third Sommario/riassunto International Self-Report Delinquency Study (ISRD3). ISRD is a major international research collaboration that now covers some 35 countries. It surveys young people aged 12 to 16 in their schools, asking about their experience of crime - both as offenders and as victims - and about their attitudes to crime and justice and about their home and school life. ISRD1 was carried out in 1991-1992 and ISRD2 in 2006-2008. ISRD findings presented here cover the 27 ISRD3 countries for

which data are already available, with a total sample approaching

63,000 young people. For most of these countries, the samples are drawn from two major cities. This volume provides key findings on self-reported offending and on victimization. Chapter 1 set the scene, and describes the background to ISRD3. Chapter 2 describes the methods used in the survey; respondents complete the ISRD questionnaire either in paper format or – increasingly – using a standardized internet program. Chapter 3 covers key findings on selfreported offending, including the important finding that preparedness to disclose offending varies according to cultural context. Chapter 4 presents findings on victimization, including important new findings on hate crime and the use of parental violence, as well as coverage of more conventional forms of crime. A final chapter summarizes the results and draws out their implications. This Brief will be of interest to researchers in criminology and criminal justice, as well as related fields such as sociology, public policy, and psychology. Due to the groundbreaking methodological analyses provided, this Brief is essential reading to all who conduct or use internationally comparative and global survey research.